McKean Miner.

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THE McKEAN MINER.

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County Superintendent.

I will be found at my office in the Court House on the last Saturday of each month. Rooms at the Rockwell House. M. O. CAMPBELL, dec'79

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 300, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

G. M. SMITH, W. M.
R. H. BAND, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 127, meets every Tuesday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. L. BURLINGAME, M. W.
WARLEY GIFFORD, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Monday evening at Masonic Hall

H. W. BUHN, N. G.
W. H. WETHERALL, Sec'y.

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BAPTIST.—W. C. Wilbur, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 8 p. m. Sabbath school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—The Rev. J. Huber McCandless, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a.m. Service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

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Burgess—J. C. Backus.
Asst Burgess—S. J. Gifford.
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Constable—H. L. Burlingame.
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Justices—A. Smith, F. Ford.
Auditors—John Bartest, John R. Shoemaker.
Superintendent—Frank Kerns, Alfred Smithvent.
Judge of Election—E. F. Waller.
Inspectors—James Beckwith, J. V. McIntyre.
Assessor—H. L. Knapp.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge—S. P. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; P. M. Fuller, Bradford.
District Attorney—S. W. Smith, Port Allegany.
Sheriff—Russell Sartwell, Smethport.
Prothonotary—John H. Fowler, Bradford.
County Treasurer—J. W. Freeman, Smethport.
Commissioners—W. J. Colegrove, N. W. Abbey, John H. Rose.
County Clerk—John R. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Comm'r—N. C. Gallup, O. P. Coon.
Auditors—O. D. Vosburgh, J. J. Roberts, C. L. Bellows.
County Surveyor—O. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

Regular Meetings of Co. Commissioners.

The County Commissioners will hold regular sessions at the Commissioners Office on the first Monday of each month for the transaction of any business that may be brought before them. *Ag'A special meeting will be held on the first Thursday after each court week for the settlement of county costs in Commonwealth cases.*

J. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.

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IT IS NOT A CHEAP LIST.
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Smethport, Pa.

as Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

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D. SHERRETT. ROBT. H. ROSE.

SHERRETT & ROSE,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

(Office over Hackett & Gifford's)

SMETHPORT, PA.

BACKUS & GORTON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office:—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

C. BACKUS. MERIDAN GORTON.

E. L. KIERNAN,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

OFFICE: Gleason's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

All legal business attended to promptly.

THOS. A. MORRISON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE: Gleason's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Collections and other legal business carefully and promptly attended to.

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ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

Rooms 5 and 6 Wall Block.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office, Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport, Pa.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY.)

Port Allegany, Pa.

G. A. BERRY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER,

Office: Exchange Building, Main St.

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office with Maj. Broder, over Pemberton's

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ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

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ROOM No. 10, OIL EXCHANGE,

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Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

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Smethport Pa.

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TEACHER OF

PIANO, ORGAN, BAND AND VOCAL MUSIC,

aply **SMETHPORT PA.**

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ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for me; also apply to me to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of the Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

HASKILL & GIFFORD'S STORE.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees

WELLSBORO, Dec. 26, 1878.

W. S. BROWNELL & SONS,

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Groceries,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Etc.

SMETHPORT, PENN'A

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16-yl

WANTED—Bridge and Trestle carpenters by Pittsburgh & Western R. R. Co. Apply to John Logan, superintendent of bridges and buildings, Shamburg City, Pa., on P. & W. R. R., or Wm. Hall, Bullard House, Pittsburgh, Pa. 46-3t

SELECT POETRY.

THE MANGER THRONE.

Like silver lamps in a distant shrine,
The stars are sparkling bright;
The bells of the city of Iand ring out,
For the Son of Mary was born to-night.
The gloom is past, and the morn at last
Is coming with orient light.

Never fell meteors half so sweet
As those which are filling the skies;
And never a palace above half so fair
As the manger where our Saviour lies,
No night in the year is half so dear
As that which has ended our sighs.

A new Power has come on earth,
A match for the armies of hell;
A Child is born who shall conquer the foe,
And all the spirits of wickedness quell,
For Mary's Son is the mighty One
Whom the prophets of God foretell.

The stars of heaven shall shine, as at first
They gleamed on this wonderful night;
The bells of the city of God ring out,
And the angels, song still rings in the height;
And love still farms where the Godhead burns,
Hid in flesh from fretful sight.

Faith sees no longer the stabled floor—
The pavement of sapphire is there.
The clear light of heaven streams out to the world,
And angels of God are crowding the air,
And heaven and earth, through the ageless Birth,
Are at peace on this night so fair.

MISCELLANEOUS.

What Was It?

I was engaged to Angelina Melville, and I thought myself the luckiest man living. Angelina was so handsome that no stranger ever saw her without expressing admiration, and one did not weary with the face after years of familiarity with it. She was well bred, accomplished, and a great heiress. I had reasons to believe she was very fond of me. No man could be more entirely content than I was as I leaned back in the first-class carriage which took me from Glasgow into the country, to the Vale of Cruix, where I was to preach a few sabbaths.

The pulpit was vacant, and I going to try my wings. With my pecuniary prospects I scarcely thought I should care to accept a call to the Vale of Cruix, but I had no objection to filling its pulpit for a few weeks, especially as Angelina had gone to the west coast, and Glasgow was warm and stuffy and very stupid.

Casual remembrances of elegant parsonages built in Queen Anne's style; of a study where the footfalls were softened by Persian rugs, and the doors draped in portieres of valts; chairs and a desk carved richly as some old confessional, flitted through my mind. And I thought also of a table spread with silver and rare china with a lady at its head, who resembled a queen. And I breathed a luxurious sigh as I awakened from my day dream to acknowledge that the words "Vale of Cruix," were being shouted on the platform and that the train was coming to a standstill.

I seized my traveling bag from the rack overhead and hurried out of the carriage. The porters had just pulled four or five trunks on the platform. Two old wagons stood in the road, one driven by an old woman in a sun bonnet, the other by a red-haired boy with bare feet, and a queer, knock kneed horse attached to a queerer old gig, was standing at a little distance. A young man in a light summer suit, and a city family bent on rural happiness, were my companions on the platform.

The former put his trunk in the first wagon, kissed the old woman in the sun bonnet, took the reins and drove away. He was evidently the son of the family, come home to spend his vacation. The rest of the trunks and city family—mother, father, little boy, nursemaid and baby—were put in the wagon and driven by the boy.

When the train moved away I was left alone on the platform—alone, but for the station-master, who sat upon a bench smoking a clay pipe.

In a moment more the official, without looking at me, made the remark: "Deacon Stevenson has come for the new minister. He's over in the hotel and will be back in a minute."

"Thank you," said I.

The station-master took no notice of me, but having climbed upon a stool and made some changes in a time register on the wall of the station, locked the door, put the key in his pocket, and sauntered away down the railroad.

I took his place upon the bench and waited. In a few minutes a prim little old gentleman appeared on the top of the hill, carrying in one hand a tin can, in the other a tin pail, and under either arm a brown paper parcel. I knew at a glance that it was Stevenson.

"Are you Mr. Mactaggert?" he inquired mildly as he approached. "I want to know? I hadn't any expectation of being kept so long, but, you see, it saves the women folks the trouble to fetch things when I drive down. Step in, won't you? I'll just hang this can of paraffine lie on behind. Some dislike the smell—maybe you do. The sugar-loaf, tea and coffee can go under the seat as well as not. How's your health, sir, and how do you like Vale of Cruix?"

I answered that my health was good and that I had not, as yet, seen much of Vale of Cruix.

"No, you haven't," said the old gentleman. "Well, you'll drive through it now." And he shook the reins and the old horse began to stumble along. And on we drove past certain rows of brick houses very much like each other, and with the same flowers in their front gardens, until, after passing the church, we came to one happily set about by old oak trees, before the gate of which we drew up.

A girl stood at the gate—a fair girl in a blue muslin dress and white apron.

"Take the sugar, Mary, before it goes upset," said the deacon. "This is Mr. Mactaggert, this is my daughter Mary."

We bowed, and she vanished with the parcels.

"What a lovely little creature!" said I to myself. "Nothing like Angelina, but so pretty!" And I found myself thinking of her as I washed my hands and brushed my hair in the blue walled bed room on the second floor with white-fringed counterpanes and curtains, and two black silhouettes over the mantlepiece on either side of the China vases of roses.

There were only four of us at the table—the deacon, his wife, a stout lady, who never said more than she could help, and Mary. She was self-possessed without being forward, and oh, so pretty! Now, Angelina was splendid and queenly, so this was mild praise that she could not have objected to, only I said it very often. I preached on the next Sunday. It was settled that I should spend the summer there. I wrote this to Angelina:

"Since you cannot be with me it does not matter where I am—this stupid place as well as any other. Address to the care of Deacon Stevenson. I shall remain with him while I preach here."

It was a pleasant summer, despite the dullness of the place. How good the quaint old deacon was when one really knew him! How motherly was Mrs. Stevenson! As for Mary, she grew sweeter every day! I often wondered what Angelina would have said could she have seen me helping her to pick blackberries, to find the runaway cow, to carry home the milk pail, driving her over to the country grocery, and returning with a freight of groceries. Angelina, who knew nothing of domestic details, and whose monogrammed and perfumed letters were often brought over from the office in company with the paraffine can. I wrote my sermons at one end of the round table, while Mary sat at the other sewing. Between us was a lamp with a green paper shade. Now and then a big bug would fly into the window and go humming about our heads, or a moth would try to singe its wings over the chimney and I would drive it out. The old people would go to bed after a while, and then Mary and I would find ourselves hungry, and she would go into the kitchen and find "something good." I always held the light for her. And when something good was found, we ate it on the back porch, sitting side by side on the step like two children.

She was like a child, that little Mary, so that it seemed no harm to ask her to kiss me good night, or to hold her hand in mine as it rested on my arm, in our long walks home from church on Sunday evening.

The summer passed; October came, Angelina returned to the city and wrote to me. It was while we were eating peaches and cream in the back porch that evening that I said to Mary: "I will tell you a secret, if you will keep it for a while."

"Oh, of course, certainly I will, Mr. Mactaggert."

I am going to be married this autumn, Mary," I said. "Those pretty letters you always thought came from my sister are from the lady who is to marry me. She is very beautiful, very rich, very stylish, but very kind. You must come and see us Mary, when we are married. I shall tell Angelina how good you have been to me—what a sweet little sister I found out here in the Vale of Cruix. Why, Mary—"

For, as I spoke, I felt the little hand I held grow cold and heavy in mine. I saw her sink backward. The big china bowl of peaches and cream slipped with a crash to the floor and shattered all to pieces.

I caught the poor child in my arms. In a moment she came to herself, and said she had overtired herself, she thought. They had been baking all day, and it was warm. And now she bade me good night. But I did not see her next day, nor the next. She kept her room, and was not well enough to bid me good-bye.

Poor little Mary! I felt very miserable. However, Angelina met me at Glasgow. She was more beautiful than ever—more elegant in contrast to my simple country friend—and very soon I laughed at myself for the thought that had been in my heart. Of course I said it was the baking that had overcome Mary—it was not my news. I had only been to her as a friend—as a brother. I had not made love to her; above all, I had flirted with her. But I thought of Mary a great deal, and I missed her every hour exactly—oh yes, exactly—as I might a sister.

I wrote to Miss Stevenson, and her reply was very brief.

"I haven't much time to write," she said in her postscript. "Mary is very sick, and besides being driven I am anxious."

This letter was in my pocket on that day when Angelina and I went to the bazaar for the benefit of the church of St. Matthew.

After we had roamed about the bazaar and bought all sorts of knick-knacks, I escorted Angelina to a seat, and there sat down to wait while one of the ladies who, "on this occasion only," was doing good, onerous, hard work, brought us a tray of delicate refreshments.

As we sat there sipping our coffee two ladies sat down at the next table with their backs to us.

"I am very tired, are you not, Mrs. Russell?" And the other answered:

"Yes, I am tired. I don't think that it is worth the while to come all the way from Vale of Cruix to Glasgow sight-seeing."

This was the voice of Stevenson's nearest neighbor, and I liked her and respected her, yet did not feel quite sure how Angelina would like an introduction, and so refrained from looking round, and making myself known to the lady.

"I think we had better have tea," said the voice. "It's more refreshing than coffee. Oh, how is Mary to-day? Think of my never asking before."

"Mary is poorly," said Mrs. Russell. "Oh, Mrs. Cullen, what a pity it is that flirting young minister came down to Vale of Cruix. I don't know what Mrs. Stevenson was about to let him do as he did. We all thought he was courting Mary. She did, poor child. She just loved him dearly. And the day before he went away he told her he was engaged to some girl in Glasgow. I'm afraid it's broken her heart. She told me all about it. 'Oh, Aunty Russell,' said she, 'I know I ought to be ashamed, but I can't help it. He seemed to like me so. I hope I shall die of this fever, for life is nothing to me.' Ashamed! Why it's he who ought to be ashamed. Of all the things, a minister to be a cold, cruel flirt, and that is what Hugh Mactaggert is."

I listened, but I could not move or speak. I felt as though my heart was also breaking, and oh, the time I suffered! The women drank their tea and then Angelina turned to me with a cold, sarcastic smile.

"I see by your face that the little story is perfectly true, Mr. Mactaggert," she said.

"Angelina," I faltered, "I have done nothing that should give offense to you. I assure you."

"Nothing but love another woman," she answered. "Love her, and let her see it, meaning to marry me. Don't think I'm hurt; indeed, I'm relieved! I should have kept my word to you but for this; but not so gladly as I once should. You are a very good-looking man, but on the whole you don't suit me. I met Mr. S. at Millport, and he does. Frankly, I have been thinking what a pity it was that I must decline his offer. As for this—Mary, is it not? wouldn't she make a very good minister's wife?"

It came to my mind that she perhaps would—that she was the only wife for me, and that Angelina, accomplished as she was, would never have made me happy.

But I only said: "Miss Melville, if you desire to have your freedom, I have no choice."

"I certainly desire it greatly," she answered.

"Well, it is yours," I said, with a low bow.

After that I think that we were both happier than we had been for several days previous, and shook hands when we parted.

That night I went up to the Vale of Cruix. I told Mary that my marriage was broken off, and that she was the only woman I had ever loved. She tried to summon up her pride and refuse me, but failed in the attempt and let me take her to my heart. To day I am pastor of the church at the Vale of Cruix. Mary is my wife, and we are as plain and quiet a pair as you could fancy. I even help my wife pick currants, and I have taken a turn at the garden when help was scarce. But I do not envy Mr. S. his wife, nor pine for the luxurious possibilities that I lost with Angelina. Mary and my home content me.

But one thing is on my conscience. I have never been able to ask myself the question, "Did I flirt with Mary. If not, what was it?"

They Were High Toned.

They entered the eating saloon with an air of having all the world at their beck and call, and seating themselves at a table commenced running over the bill of fare. They were both built on the latest lines, according to the swell tailor of the town, and their hair was parted straight down the middle. They were by no means common-place young men in their own estimations, and they always made a point of doing everything in a high toned manner, so long as their purses held out.

"You say the cooking here is all right, Jack?" said the younger youth, running over the different dishes, and dwelling particularly upon the prices.

"Always up to the mark, old boy," said Jack. "By the way, Tom, I'd advise you to try a little of the lobster salad as a starter. They get it up immense."

"How is their roast beef?" asked Tom. "Half these hash houses know just nothing about cooking beef. They cook it to death."

"First-class," said Jack. "Suppose we have soup. Then roast beef with a salad to follow. How does that strike you?"

"Good," said Jack, watching the effect of his friend's remarks on the waiter, "and then we might end up with ices, fruit and black coffee."

"Just the tip," said Tom. "How are you on vegetables?"

"Let's see," said Jack, running critically over the bill of fare. "I think French peas, Saratoga potatoes and tomatoes will be about the racket."

"I'll go you," said Tom, "and of course we want a pony brandy at the finish."

"Of course," said Jack, "a dinner without coffee is like Hamlet with the Dane left out, you know."

"Hi—wait a minute," said Tom, slapping the table as he eyed the bill of fare intently. "Why didn't we think of it before. Here's just the thing. A regular dinner for forty cents."

"Capital!" said Jack.

"With wine, sixty," read Tom. "How about the wine?"

"Hum; well, I don't care for it," said Jack.

"Nor I," said Tom; and they went it on the Philadelphia plan for forty cents a head.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

"No woman is worth looking at after thirty," said young Mrs. A., a bride with all the the arrogant youthfulness of twenty-one summers. "Quite true, my dear," answered Lady D., a very pretty woman some ten to fifteen years older, "nor worth listening to before."

A Western editor, in response to a subscriber who grumbles that his morning paper was intolerably damp, says "that is because there is so much due on it."

The World's Rainfall.

In an article on rainfall the *American Journal of Science* for January, Professor Elias Loomis, whose writings on meteorology rank him as one of the highest authorities in this comparatively new field, gives an exceedingly valuable table of the mean annual rainfall at 718 stations scattered over the globe. The table includes the name of the station, its latitude and longitude, the number of years over which the observations have extended, the rainfall in inches, and the authority for the facts stated. This table is divided into eight groups classified according to the amount of the rainfall. The wettest portion of the globe seems to be Cherrapunji in Assam, where mean annual fall for sixteen years reaches the enormous depth of 493¼ inches or upward of sixty feet, rather more than half of this quantity falling in the months of June and July. At several points in Chili and Peru as also in Northern Africa, no rainfall is recorded.

The following are given as the principal causes of excessive rainfall: 1. The meeting of the northeast and southeast trade winds resulting in a great rain-belt surrounding the globe. 2. The irregular barometric depressions of the middle latitudes. The average track of great barometric depressions is not as distinctly marked by an excess of rainfall as might be expected; nevertheless storm tracks exhibit a tendency to incline toward districts where the rainfall is unusually great, e. g., Newfoundland, Iceland, coast of Norway, North Italy, etc. 3. Mountain ranges causing increased rainfall on the side from which the prevalent wind proceeds. 4. Proximity to the ocean, especially when the prevalent wind comes from the ocean, e. g., Western Europe; eastern coast of South America, Africa and Australia. 5 Capes and headlands projecting considerably into the ocean generally receive a greater rainfall than neighboring districts, e. g., Cape Hatteras, Newfoundland, southwest coast of Ireland and England, Cape of Good Hope, etc.

The causes of deficient rainfall are thus summed up: 1. A nearly uniform direction of the winds throughout the year, such as prevails within a portion of the trade winds especially in mid-ocean, and Ascension Island, the Sahara, Southern California, South Africa and Australia. 2. The prevalent wind having passed over a range of elevated mountains, descends upon the leeward side; e. g., desert of Gobi, Tartary, Chili, North America east of the Rocky Mountains, central portion of Spain. 3. Ranges of mountains so situated as to obstruct the free movement of the surface winds toward a central region; e. g., desert of Gobi, Tartary, Southern California, Salamanca in Spain. 4. Remoteness from the ocean measured in the direction from which the prevalent wind proceeds. There is a marked diminuation in the mean annual rainfall as we advance eastward from Western Europe. A similar effect is noticeable in many other parts of the world, but it is generally complicated by the combination of other causes. 5. High latitude. Beyond the parallel of 60° N. latitude, at a little distance from the ocean, the mean annual rainfall seldom much exceeds ten inches; and there are apparently regions of great extent in Asia and North America where the annual rainfall is less than ten inches.

The Shape of Men's Heads.

The nonsense talked by Spitzka about the shape of the head as an indication of insanity has been answered by all the principal hatters of the country. A Philadelphia hatter sends his note-book with diagrams to the Philadelphia *Ledger*, which says it looks like the note-book of a fancy bear grower. It analyzes the diagrams in a way to show that scarcely a sound man walks the streets:

There is scarcely a head in it, in fact, that is not pear-shape of the wildest variety, unless in the few that have a remarkable likeness to the outline of the sole of a well-worn slipper or gouty shoe. It is a monstrous study, in fact, of what appears to be abnormal crania. Sometimes the unbalanced bulge is in front, sometimes in the back—but no two sides are alike. Here is a head that looks like a mis-shaped flint arrow-head; here is a monstrous protuberance behind the ear; here is one that is knobby as a potatoe all around; this must be a murderer's skull and this an idiot's. Unfortunately for the theory, they are the hatter's best customers—all of them highly respectable family men, and some of them distinguished in public and private life for their ability, intelligence and worth. A number of them are dead, and their accounts made up for this world, so that they are beyond the reach of outbreaks of disposition. The seeming murderer was a prominent judge, the idiot was a Governor of distinction, the knobby potato, all gone to one side, was a genial, enterprising merchant. A Vice-President's head diagram, which is in the collection, would lead any court, were the Spitzka test applied, to send the owner to an insane hospital. One of the nearest to balanced heads is a brilliant, but most eccentric, physician, long dead, who, by the hatter's line, would have been a very safe man of affairs. Here is a clergyman, who gave the calmest advice to his flock, but his head is shocking in its one-sidedness.

These peculiarities are uniform. Knox, the famous New York hatter, testifies to the same. The New York *Evening Post* says that "out of forty or fifty of Mr. Knox's cards showing the head diagrams of customers whose heads would not fit into ready-made hats, not one could be found which, if divided by a central line, would show each side to match the other. Some of the heads were nearly round; others were so long and narrow as to resemble the outline of a shoe sole more than what would be supposed to be the outline of a human head. Some heads present on one side a bulge, while on the other side there is a depression; others run to a point in front and look like the section of a spinning top. Editors, particularly, seem to have heads which by no stretch of flattery could be called regular. Mr. Greeley's head diagram looks as if it might have been composed of parts of several different heads. General Butler's head is almost square, and twenty-four inches in circumference. Mr. Robert Bonner's head is far from regular. Mr. Evart's has a long head, one side being larger than the other. Henry Clay and Webster both had heads so peculiarly shaped that they were obliged to have hats made to order."

If Spitzka be right, every man is what he called Guiteau—a rhombo-cephalic.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A Religious Newspaper.

We desire to call the attention of our readers to one of the greatest newspapers of the age—one that counts the best writers in this country and Europe, regardless of expense; has the best and fullest book reviewers of any paper in the country; has able articles upon financial subjects; has departments edited by specialists and devoted to Fine Arts, Music, Science, Religious Intelligence, Missions, School and College, News of the Week, Hymn Notes, the Sunday-school, Legal and Sanitary questions, Biblical Research (something that cannot be found in any other newspaper in the United States), Farm and Garden, Insurance, Weekly Market Reports, etc.—in fact, a newspaper fully suited to the requirements of every family, containing a fund of information which cannot be had in any other shape, and having a wide circulation all over the country and in Europe. We refer to the *Independent*, of New York. "The largest, the ablest, the best." See advertisement, in another column, and send a postal card for free specimen copy.

He Used to be a Boy Himself.

The other day a show came to Little Rock and was shamefully imposed upon by Uncle Isom. While standing near the tent he saw a crowd of low-spirited boys grieving on account of financial depression.

"Does yer youngsters wanter to go to der show?" he asked.

The boys responded in noisy chorus.

"Well, come on den. I uster be a chile myself, an' unlike de mos' of men, I aint forgot it. Count des boys," he added addressing the doorkeeper. The man began counting, and by the time the boys had passed in Isom was walking around talking to acquaintances from the plantations.

"Here," said the showman, "give me twenty tickets."

"What for? Does yer take me for a lottery agent?"

"You passed in twenty boys, and I want the tickets or the money."

"I doan owe no tickets, and I doan owe yer no money. I didn't tell yer to pass de boys in. I said count 'em. I'se always heard that showmen is good on rithmetic, an' I wanted ter satisfy myself. Yer say dat dar was twenty boys. I doan' spute your word, case I aint on mathertician. Spoken I take a lot ob boys ter de cashier ob a bank an axes him ter count 'em, does dat signify dat de cashier is gwine ter pass 'em into de money room? No, sah. Go back to yer tent; I sees a crowd goin' in."

The showman remembering that he had left the entrance ungarded, turned, and Isom walked away.—*Little Rock Gazette.*

A man in the suburbs calls his wife "Shadow," because she is continually following him around. We take it for granted that he is afraid of his own Shawow.

No More Hard Times.

If you will stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style, buy good, healthy food, cheaper and better clothing; get more real and substantial things of life every way, and especially stop the foolish habit of employing expensive, quack doctors or using so much of the vile humbug medicine that does you only harm, but put your trust in that simple, pure remedy, Hop Bitters; that cures always at a trifling cost, and you will see good times and have good health. See another column.

Valuable Remedy for a Painful Disease.

Parmelee's Pile Suppositories act promptly in allaying all inflammation of the rectum, and by being easily dissolved, are readily absorbed into the system, healing the diseased and irritated condition of these organs. They are convenient for self-application, causing no unpleasantness, and affording such satisfactory results, that to any one afflicted with that painful disease, the piles, they are invaluable. By direct application to the seat of disease, they are the most efficacious means of cure to be met, and are particularly useful in cases attended with rigid contraction of the sphincter ani. Price 50 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 4-4t.

Best Warm Medicine Known.

Physicians says that almost every child is troubled more or less by worms. The poor little ones are pale and haggard, weary and listless, and there is a constant flush on one cheek. The parents should at once secure a box of Parmelee's Worm Candies or Lozenges. They will destroy the worms without injury to the child. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 4-4t.

A Stubborn and Harrassing

Cough that will not yield to ordinary remedies, may be thoroughly cured by Hamilton's Cough Balsam, a most effective remedy for all bronchial and pulmonary disorders and a certain cure for croup, diphtheria, whooping cough and other affections to which children are liable. Sample bottles 25 cents; large size 50 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 4-4t.

Experience the Best Teacher.

We know from experience that Hamilton's Cough Troches are just what they are recommended to be. They give almost immediate relief in Bronchitis, Throat Affections and Hoarseness. They also give relief to catarrh, a form of chronic throat disease. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa. 4-4t.

Business Cards.

Hotels.

BENNETT HOUSE.

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE
SMETHPORT, PA.

This Hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the center of business. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the best arranged and best furnished Hotel in Northern Pennsylvania.

☞ Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is centrally built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked and well kept bar connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

Exchange Hotel.

NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.

J. H. SOWERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUSE.

Larrabees, Pa.

C. H. MOORE - - - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the McK. & B. N. Y. & P. R. R. depot. The house has been recently rebuilt and newly furnished throughout, and is now a first class house.

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S. C. SARTWELL, - PROPRIETOR

The above House has been recently Rebuilt Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest style for the convenience of Guests.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

380 *Exchange, Cor. Louisiana St.,*

Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ED. SEIL, - - - Proprietor.

Fillmore House,

Cor. Michigan and Carroll Streets,

Buffalo, N. Y

Rates reduced to $1.00 per day; single meal, 25 cents.

This house has been recently refurnished in the most modern style. It is in the N. Y. Cen. and Lake Shore depots. Street cars pass it. Latest from all parts of the city continually.

R. SULLY - - Prop'r.

AKIN HOUSE,

No. 6, Washington St.,

BRADFORD, PA.,

MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House. xvii1454f

Pierce House,

(Near B. R. & B. R. R. Depot.)

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Office in Wright House. SMETHPORT, PA.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A, Feb'y 28, 1878.

All persons are hereby cautioned against going upon the unsold lands of this estate without proper authority therefor. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases have on them drafts which show their locations. All claims to rights or privileges on lands of this estate, unaccompanied by such evidences, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

ROBT. C. SIMP

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., January 12, 1882.

E. H. BARD, Editor and Proprietor.

THE first week of the new year brought financial failures to 148 business houses in the United States. May be, those "Christmas Bills" had something to do with this disastrous state of affairs.

THE President having approved the report of the Commissioners on the completed 100,800 miles of the Atlantic and Pacific Railway, the company gets patents to 96,000 acres of land for each mile.

ALL the tenantry of one town in North Tipperary, Ireland, were evicted for non-payment of rent on Tuesday. The troubles of the disconsolate inhabitants of the Emerald Isle will apparently never cease.

DENVER made $4,000,000 worth of real estate improvements in the year 1881—and now the total assessed valuation of her real estate is put down at $26,000,000—that of the State of Nevada, being valued at $100,000,000.

THE notorious John Keating, for his share in the Philadelphia election frauds has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment, to a fine of $100, and to be debarred from holding any office under the Commonwealth for seven years.

ONE case at least in which wealth could not buy off a criminal, is that of Friedburg, the notorious Chicago pawnbroker, arrested for complicity in the murder of Policeman Rose. He has gone to the Penitentiary after spending $30,000 in an effort to avoid it.

THE Lord Lieutenant has refused the request of the Dublin Corporation that he grant permission to Parnell and Dillon to attend at City Hall to receive their certificates of the freedom of that city. This will be another source of annoyance to the disaffected population.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR has decided to add $1,500 to the salary of his private secretary, which, with the $4,500 now given by law to that officer, will make it $6,000. It is a position of great public as well as private trust, and well deserves this mark of confidence from the President in the man whom he has called to fill it.

THOSE who dined sumptuously on Christmas Day may feel interested in learning how royalty in England dined. Queen Victoria on Christmas day sat down to the biggest joint of roast beef served up anywhere in Christendom, a baron, a double sirloin, cut from a very prime red-and-white shorthorn ox bred at Begshot Park by the Duke of Connaught and weighing about 300 pounds. It was duly roasted at Windsor Castle and sent to Osborne, where the royal Christmas dinner was eaten, its supporters on the side-board being a game pie of generous proportions and a boar's head. Nothing like roast beef to the English palate it appears.

A PROMINENT lawyer of the District of Columbia said Saturday that Guiteau, if convicted this month, could not be hung much before the middle of next June, as the law provides that a person convicted of murder could not be sentenced until thirty days after the beginning of the term of court following that in which he was found guilty. This delay is for the purpose of giving the prisoner the benefit of all forms of law to prove his innocence. The next term of court begins April 4, but Guiteau cannot be sentenced until March 4, and he would hardly be given less than thirty days to provide for his death. It is, therefore, probable that the assassin will continue to be a conspicuous figure for five months to come.

THE mutilated silver coin nuisance is fast abating, owing to the stern refusal everywhere to take them at par. In regard to the mutilation, we think the idea of its cause is not alone attributable to the nefarious industry which seeks to save clippings, punchings or "sweatings" of the metal. Doubtless this slow and laborious mode of accumulating a fortune may be practiced to some extent; but it is not the chief cause of the perforations. Some light is thrown upon this question by large orders lately received at the United States Mint, outrunning any possibility of supply, for new dimes "to be used for bangles." We see every day all species of coin being used as ornaments in one way or another, and this is perhaps the chief source of coin mutilation.

THERE seems to be no end to the modes of speculation which the Yankee genius invents. Even with but a dim prospect of success, a professional speculator will buy anything in which his speculative brain sees a possibility of making a "pile" or dropping his "bundle." The latest scheme is a proposition received by Mr. Scoville from a medical gentleman for the body of Guiteau. He offers to pay immediately $1,000, the amount of the purchase money, on the condition that he shall have the body of the prisoner as soon as the exactions of the law have been met, to dispose of absolutely as he sees fit. He agrees to take the chances of waiting a month or twenty years for the consummation of the bargain. The proposition was submitted to Guiteau. He was very favorably impressed with it, but thought that some other fellow would offer $2,000. Then he could pay his debts, and if he got a new trial, that miserable Corkhill couldn't bring a lot of fellows to swear how much he owed them. Guiteau has not many lovers, and it may be suggested by them that $1,000 is more than his carcass is worth. We suppose, however, he has something to say about the disposal of his body after the law gets through with it.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10, 1882.

The yule-tide is over and our legislators have come back to us "with good capon lined" and in such a contented state of mind that they have apparently little appetite for the usual wrangle and turmoil of law-making. But soon the legislative dance will begin in earnest both in the dignified, deliberate—the never-in-a-hurry Senate—and the noisy, frisky, eagle-flying House. And like a comet, Congress sports a following, so that the Capital City is once more full, and this time for the winter. With the city filled up, and the world white with snow, winter seems fairly opened at last in this semi-southern "river-town," and "things look like business."

The country is getting thoroughly worked up to the idea that the popular branch of Congress is once more fully in the hands of the Republican party, and also to the full import of the western victory achieved in the election of Gen. Kiefer as speaker. It appears now, on a calm review of his own work, that the new Speaker deliberately constituted the Committees in such a way as to give the greatest amount of power to the Republicans and to bias legislation in favor of the West, or rather, without encroaching upon eastern interests. Democrats are so dove-tailed in, on the tail ends of Committees, as to give them the least influence not only in the Committee work but in the House. Very few of the Committees have got fairly to work yet, but to-day the greater part of the new clerks have got things into shape to begin house-keeping. I sat a few moments in the room appropriated to the "Claims" Committee yesterday, and it was amusing to see the "old stagers" come in to inquire after their cases—cases, some of them, which have been before Congress for the last fourteen years. A few of them have just and proper claims, and in all decency they ought to be paid; but, somehow or other, they always get snowed under on the speaker's table at the close of the session and die the death with the bad company they are in.

Since it became known that Gen. Grant had changed his mind concerning the Fitz John Porter case there has been considerable curiosity touching the effect this would have upon friends of the ex-President in the Senate and elsewhere. People were especially solicitious about Senator Logan who made such an exhaustive speech last winter in opposition to Porter. In response to an inquiry on the subject, however, the Senator said a day or two ago that he was very much surprised at the change in Gen. Grant's opinion as the latter had frequently in his presence expressed himself so strongly against Porter's conduct. Gen. Logan says that there is nothing new in the case to cause him to change his views; that he has nothing to take back, and will continue to oppose Porter's restoration to the army, no matter who may come to the rescue. So in this, as in all other things, Logan has strong convictions of his own and is thoroughly consistent.

Whatever other changes may yet be made in the Cabinet I am well assured by those here who ought to know, that Robert T. Lincoln will continue at the head of the War Department. He seems to be running it along peaceably, as is meet in these times of piping peace, and traditional Lincoln Republicanism is not a bad thing for a Republican President to have as a component part of his administration.

Anna Dickinson, whose magnetic platform eloquence, earnest face and firm "jaw" is known all over the country, and who has determined to play men's characters on the stage, will shortly appear here. Hamlet, Macbeth, and Claude Melnotte will make up her repertoire, with perhaps "Aurelian," her own play. Her costumes are European made, and her company consists of over thirty people. Washington expects Miss D.'s indomitable energy, bright intellect, and magnetic spirit to win her success on the stage as they have elsewhere.

How reputation may hang by a single hair—or at least by a few frizzes! Mrs. Speaker Kiefer (so to speak) wears no bang, nor crimp, nor frizz; but "puts away her dark brown hair," parted in the middle, and combed low down on each side of her head, a la Hayes, though less ldp-eared." And Capital circles are proceeding to "comb her down" for it, "Uneasy is the head that wears a crown"—not done up in frizzes and bangs.

JUNIUS.

THE Nihilists are gathering in St. Petersburg and circulating their documents with renewed energy, which leads to the belief that there will soon be another outbreak.

A NEW criminal code in New York State provides that a man convicted of crime three times shall be adjudged an habitual criminal. A man so adjudged bears almost a veritable mark of Cain, for certified copies of the judgment must be sent to every county clerk in the State, also to every police headquarters, and thereafter the branded criminal may be arrested on suspicion or certainty, with or without warrant, and his premises and possessions may be searched, with or without warrant. As to the advisability or humanity of this man-begotten law, we will not express an opinion other than to remind readers of the divine law-giver who never lost an opportunity of advising and practicing forgiveness and while expiring upon the cross absolved the dying thief.

AT Washington, on the 7th inst., on motion of counsel for the Government, the hearing of the cases of the sureties for mail contractors was postponed until Wednesday, the Court meanwhile receiving bonds from the prisoners as follows: Minnix, $3,000; Dickson, $3,000; Sweet, $3,000; Boone, $15,000. Barringer, Hoyt and Donahue were jailed. The charge against them is that they knowingly, maliciously and unlawfully conspired, combined, confederated and agreed to defraud the United States by entering into and giving unto the United States insufficient and worthless bonds accompanying proposals to carry the mails. At the adjourned meeting Hiss, for the prosecution, made his address, and the first case was called, that against Cabell, Minix and Dickson. The termination of these cases will be a source of satisfaction to all.

A Beautiful Oration.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.

At the funeral of the little son of George O. Miller, a detective and active politician of this city, this afternoon, Bob Ingersol officiated. There was no service at the house. The coffin was taken to the Congregational cemetery, where Col. Ingersoll joined the funeral party. He made a brief address when the coffin had been lowered into the grave, reiterating his doctrine that if there was a Supreme Creator he had not made men to be damned. The following is the full text of his oration, which is touchingly beautiful:

"MY FRIENDS: I know how vain it is to gild a grief with words, and yet I wish to take from every grave its fear. Here in this world, where life and death are equal kings, all should be brave enough to meet what all the dead have met. The future has been filled with fear, stained and polluted by the heartless past. From the wondrous tree of life the buds and blossoms fall with ripened fruit, and in the common bed of earth patriarchs and babes sleep side by side.

"Why should we fear that which will come to all that is? We can not tell, we do not know, which is the greater blessing—life or death. We can not say that death is not good. We do not know whether the grave is the end of this life or the door of another, or whether the night here is not somewhere else a dawn. Neither can we tell which is the more fortunate—the child dying in its mother's arms before its lips have learned to form a word, or he who journeys the whole length of life's uneven road painfully taking the last slow steps with staff and crutch. Every cradle asks us 'Whence?' and every coffin, 'Whither?' The poor barbarian weeping above his dead, can answer these questions as intelligently and satisfactorily as the robed priest of the most authentic creed. The tearful ignorance of the one is just as consoling as the learned and unmeaning words of the other.

"No man standing where the horizon of a life has touched a grave, has any right to prophesy a future filled with pain and tears. It may be that death gives all there is of worth to life. If those we press and strain against our hearts could never die, perhaps that love would wither from the earth. Maybe this common fate treads from out the paths between our hearts the weeds of selfishness and hate, and I had rather live and love where death is king than have eternal life where love is not. Another life is naught, unless we know and love again the ones who love use here.

"They who stand with breaking hearts around this little grave need have no fear. The larger and the nobler faith in all that is and is to be, tells us that death, even at the worst, is only perfect rest. We know that, through the common wants of life the needs and duties of each hour—their grief will lessen day by day, until at last this grave will be to them a place of rest and peace—almost of joy. There is for them this consolation: The dead do not suffer. If they live again, their lives will surely be as good as ours.

"We have no fear. We are all children of the same mother, and the same fate awaits us all. We, too, have our religion—and it is this: help for the living; hope for the dead."

H. W. Beecher on Punishment.

The pastor of Plymouth Church took for his subject on Sunday last the true object of pains and penalties. In the course of his sermon he remarked on the subjects of executive and eternal punishment: "When a great crime is committed the whole community rises up and demands vengeance. This is the spirit of the tiger, but that is not the law of love, and if God should so act what would become of this world? Still, society must protect itself, and if it has members who commit crime and then plead in palliation that they were urged to it by uncontrollable impulse, it must lock them up, and if one is so violent as to disregard all bonds, send him to the dead-letter office, send him back to God. Say, 'We cannot take care of him here, and perhaps there may be something done with him there. It is better that he should be in the hands of God.' As a general thing I am opposed to hanging, but whenever it shall be found to be necessary for the preservation of society, there is no more reason that you should not do it than that you should not pluck up a weed. Society will be the better for it, and the culprit no worse off by being sent on. Send him on. (Applause.) The object of all pain, however, should be remedial. As a boy I was once unable to resist the sweetmeat jar, but my father's hand came to my aid. (Laughter.) It strengthened me."

In conclusion Mr. Beecher disavowed his belief in eternal punishment. "What the end will be," said he, "I don't know. Some think it is to be annihilation and others think there is to be a final salvation for all, but that there is to be an eternity of conscious torment when all hope of rescue is gone I do not believe. And God do so to me, and more too, if I ever preach that or if I ever affirm it for God's own sake or for humanity's sake. I would clear God's skirts from any such aspersion. Penalty, when penalty will do good, but let God be the God of love."

The Jurisdiction Question in the Guiteau Trial.

On Tuesday Judge Cox decided affirmatively the question of the jurisdiction of his Court to try Guiteau. The opinion was long, elaborate and learned, but the main ground of his decision was common-sense. If there were more reliance on the common-sense rulings of the Bench it would be a vast improvement upon the usual servile dependence upon precedents. Judicial precedents, contrary to the view sometimes taken of them, have no authority whatever beyond the cases in which they are pronounced, except so far as they are consistent with that right reason which is, or ought to be, the soul of jurisprudence. Of this consistency every Court must judge for itself. Legal tradition, however antiquated and long observed, should give way to substantial justice, and it should always be sufficient when it is shown in any instance that it is absurd or leads to an absurd result. Suppose New Jersey did not have the statutes under which it has been argued that the Courts of that State might take cognizance of Guiteau's crime. Or, suppose President Garfield had died in Pennsylvania or any other State which has no such statute. Is that case, unless the District of Columbia has jurisdiction, the ridiculous consequence would be that Guiteau could not be tried at all.—*Philadelphia Record.*

CUTTING RATES.

HEAVY REDUCTION ON GRAIN EAST AND WEST.

Dispatches from Chicago say that the cutting of freight rates on eastward shipments has assumed a new phase. The reports that the Erie's fast freight lines were bidding for provisions and corn with a rate of 10 cents per 100 lbs., were revived early on Thursday last. An investigation by rival agents resulted, it is said, in the discovery of evidence corroborative of the reports, and before night the cutting was duplicated by the Vanderbilt lines. It is certain that several shipments of pork products, aggregating many thousand packages, and also a number of carloads of corn, were billed through to New York at a rate of ten cents per hundred pounds. This reduction touches the minimum figure reached by eastern lines previous to the general advance in rates last Fall. The Pennsylvania Company is not bidding shipments of grain at the reduced rates and claims to be adhering to the twenty cent basis for provisions, but rival lines suspect that it has been tempted to carry some provisions at the prevailing rate. This demoralization has reached its crisis on the lines leading westward. In this direction the competition is mainly for what is known as Colorado freight. Pending an agreement as to a division of this business, the Chicago roads leading to the Missouri river have been making a spectacle of themselves, carrying fourth-class freight from this city to the Missouri river for ten cents per one hundred pounds. The other day the Chicago and Northwestern lowered its rates to eight cents. Some of the other lines hesitated about meeting this cut, but they will probably take courage and follow soon. Commissioner Midgely has called a meeting to be held in Chicago to take up the matter of pooling Colorado business.

A DESPATCH from St. Petersburg dated Jan. 8, says that Savikowski who went in search of the Jeannette, reports that on August 9th an American schooner, having aboard the captain of a stranded whaler, joined the steamer Rodgers in Providence bay. The captain stated he had seen a boat containing corpses, silver spoons and other articles marked "Jeannette." The boat had been cast upon Herald Island. The commander of the Rodgers resolved to proceed thither. He anticipated wintering there, and aided by dogs purchashed at Kamtchatka, was organizing parties to make a thorough search of the island.

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The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Twelve Annual Volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 each.

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GOLD. Great chances to make money. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address GILMORE & Co., Portland, Maine. 2-y

BEATTY'S ORGANS $ upwards, 10 new stops 4 sets reeds, only $65. PIANOS from $175 upwards. Catalogues free. Write or call on BEATTY, Washington, N. J. 30-y

MISCELLANEOUS

LIRABEE GREENHOUSE,

has more plants than ever, and finer.

Winter Blooming Plants

IN MANY VARIETIES.

Cut Flowers to Order or in Designs.

A FACT!

Fresh Goods are Every Day Received at

H. L. WILSON'S STORE,

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.,

For the benefit of those who PAY CASH and get great bargains in all kinds of

CHOICE

Family Groceries,

PROVISIONS, ETC.

ALSO

HAMS, BUTTER & EGGS ALWAYS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

TEAS, COFFEES, FRUITS, WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE.

Remember the place—the Wendel Store.

13-tf. H. L. WILSON.

LIVERY

AND

Exchange Sables

F. O. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

C. V. GILLIS,

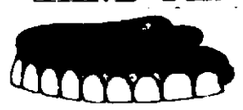
dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.



L. M. RAUB,

Surgeon Dentist,

Bolivar, All. Co. N. Y.

Teeth Extracted WITHOUT PAIN.

By the use of Dr. Von Bonhorst's Anesthetic and gas.

Twenty-three years of continued and successful practice warrants me in promising full satisfaction.

Parties wishing dental services at their homes can be accommodated promptly by dropping me a postal card.

Will be at Smethport

At the Wright House

Tuesday, Jan'y 3d, 1882.

LEGAL BLANKS!

All the Blanks named below are kept in stock at the MINER Office, Smethport, Pa. Orders by mail or telegraph promptly filled. Any kind of blank not named in this list will be printed on short notice at the same price of those kept in stock.

Amicable Actions,
Amicable Notre Facias,
Amicable Revival,
Affidavit and Recognizance for Appeal,
Attorney's Confession on Judgment,
Affidavit and Attachment for Board,
Attachments,
Attorneys' Receipts,
Bond of Indemnity to Constable,
Bond—Liquors,
Bond—Judgment,
Bond—Constables',
Bond of def't in Att'achm't,
Bond for stay of exec'n,
Blank Deeds,
Commitments,
Constable's sale,
Coroner's Sale
Contract—Land,
Contract—Teachers,
Charters of Incorporation, with App.
Commissions—Letter of Instructions,
Deed—Warranty,
Deed—Ft. Fa.
Deed Quit Claim,
Declaration Common Counts (3 kinds,)
Execution,
Election Notice,
Foreign Attachment,
Landlord's Mortgages,
Lease—Oil (3 kinds,)
Lease—Land,
Mechanic's Lien,
Marriage Certificate,
Note—Judgment,
Notice of Protest,
Mary, with copy of account,
Oath & bond for admr. (writ
Petition for License,
Precepts,
Precepts for Summons,
Precipe & Sum'ns for jury,
Precepts for Ft. Fa.
Precepts for Sum. Fa.,
Precepts for Summons in Ass'p't
Plaintiff's Statement and Notice,
Plaintiff's Bond in Replevin,
Peace Orders,
Presents,
Record of Ju cess and Liens,
Road Orders,
Summons,
Subpoenas,
Rules Facias to Revive Judgment,
Sheriff's Bill of Sale,
Statement for Judgment on Motion,
School Orders,
Transcript—Common wealth,
Transcript—Civil,
Warrants,
Affidavits for Witness,
Bail, Fa. upon Recognizance.

BEST business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you. $12 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. Every one who sees this notice will send us their address and test the work. We will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly Outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 6-y.

EX-SOLDIERS And Their Widows! Send 3 cent stamp for sample copy of the latest paper, THE WORLD AND SOLDIER, published at Washington, D. C. It contains stories from the War, Camp Life, Sketches of the Battlefield, and a full account of things Soldiers ought to know concerning pensions. It contains all the Laws and Instructions relating to Pensions and Bounty for Soldiers and their heirs. Eight pages, forty columns, worth $1 a year. Sample copy free. Address, WORLD AND SOLDIER, Box 388, Washington, D. C. 49-98

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many make fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay, write for particulars to H. ALLEN & Co., Portland, Maine. 6-y

MISCELLANEOUS.

SODA FOUNTAIN

CONFECTIONERY

STORE.

Having recently opened a Confectionery store in Smethport I am prepared to furnish the public with

Choice Fresh Candies,

OF ALL KINDS,

TROPICAL FRUITS,

NUTS, ETC., ETC.

OYSTERS!

Fresh shell oysters served

RAW, STEWED,

FRIED, STEAMED,

AND IN EVERY STYLE DESIRED AT ALL SEASONS OF THE YEAR.

A call is respectfully solicited.

52-tf T. J. HUMES.

PENSIONS For SOLDIERS, widows, children, mothers or fathers. Thousands yet entitled. Pensions given for slight disabilities. Thousands of deserters relieved. Thousands of new Pensioners in Hospital and Asylum. Thousands of Widows, Children and Parents entitled to Pensions. Thousands of INVALIDS, pensioned at Reduction, should have increase. Thousands of Pensioners and Claimants have been taken under management. Send for Pension Laws, Claim Blanks, Decisions, &c. Address H. W. Fitzgerald & Co., Pension & Patent Attys., Lock Box 95, Washington, D. C. 49-106

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE.

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES

AND

EYE-GLASSES

TOYS,

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

against the world for time and money

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us,

M. L. Armstrong,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA

PLUMBING

Gas and Steam Fiting.

As the citizens of Smethport are about to introduce water into their streets,

IRLBACKER & DAVIS,

No. 503 Main Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

—AND—

IRLBACKER, DAVIS & CO.,

No. 144 Union Street,

OLEAN, N. Y.

Offer their services to do anything desired in the line of Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, guaranteeing the best possible work and materials at the lowest possible prices.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

1882.

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Weekly stands at the head of American illustrated weekly journals. By its superior position in politics, its admirable illustrations, its carefully chosen serials, short stories, sketches, and poems, contributed by the foremost artists and authors of the day, it carries instruction and entertainment to thousands of American Homes.

It will always be the aim of the publishers to make *Harper's Weekly* the most popular and attractive family newspaper in the world.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
The THREE above Publications	10 00
Any TWO above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year, (52 Numbers)	5 00
	10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the Weekly begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after receipt of order.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. W. RUBIN,

Dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches.

—JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all manner of

ENGRAVING,

and such work as belongs to the trade.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

I have also on hand a fine assortment of

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

GO TO THE

Marble Front Store!

SMETHPORT, PA.;

TO BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS!

GROCERIES,

Boots and Shoes.

W. D. GALLUP,

PROPRIETOR.

E. L. ANDRUS. J. W. PRATT. D. A. PRATT.

Andrus, Pratt AND Co.

Wholesale & Retail Dealers in

FANCY & STAPLE

Groceries,

FRUITS

—AND—

VEGETABLES.

Old Stand, 127 Union Street, and New Store, 128 Union Street, in New Osterhoudt Block, One Block above New Methodist Church.

Olean, N. Y.

XIX-6-1m.

E. F. Richmond & Son,

Druggists and Pharmacists,

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

—IS—

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery.

And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with bleeping room gives speedy facilities for night calls. tf.

LIVERY

and

Exchange Stables

At The Wright House Barn.

FRANK VICKERY, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

DRUGS,

PATENT MEDICINES.

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

NEW

Meat and Vegetable

MARKET!

Having recently opened a meat and Vegetable market in

SMETHPORT!

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., always on hand.

—ALSO,—

VEGETABLES!

IN THEIR SEASON.

Highest market price paid for Hides.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, - - - Smethport, Pa.

28tf

JOB PRINTING executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders accompanied by the cash promptly attended to. Special low rates for Lawyers' Briefs. Every description of type and machinery for the most elegant printing.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., January 12, 1882.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

We have frequently made requests through these columns to delinquent subscribers for a settlement, yet it was fruitless. To one individual the amount looks small, still when you take into consideration the number of different parties who are indebted to us the sum is not so trifling. We need the money and must have it. To those who can and will pay we will give them a chance to do so and save costs. To those who can and will not, we intend to place their accounts in the hands of their nearest Justice of the Peace with authority to collect. This is the only way we can devise of getting our just debts, and as we do not feel like continually dunning our patrons we are compelled to resort to it. Our accounts must be balanced on or before the first of January. Remember this and pay up.

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

—Court adjourned at noon yesterday.

—The youngest daughter of Mr. John Mullin died yesterday of diphtheria.

—Seven murderers paid the penalty of their crimes with their lives last Friday.

—Will Butterworth has purchased the *Potter Journal*, and taken charge of that institution. Success to you, D. W.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. McCoy were down from Howard Hill visiting friends Saturday night and Sunday. They returned home Monday.

—Rev. E. P. Hubbell will preach at the Baptist Church next Sabbath a. m. and eve. Subject of evening sermon "Is there a Hell?"

—Old Lyman says that if a man who has any brains, will listen to the Rev. Brunning, he (the man of brains) will certainly be convinced.

—By this time those who "swore off" at New Years have gained a good start for the year. If they lose it, it will be harder work next time.

—Emporium has a drinking saloon for every one hundred of its inhabitants, says an exchange. That place must be a sort of a drinking Emporium.

—Bolivar is now jubilant over another big well, and the happy business population of that place crow over their brethren of Richburg with all the elation of a new feathered rooster.

—The Eldred *Eagle* has enlarged, and is now an eight page paper. We are glad to see such enterprise in our neighbor, and hope that it may be able to continue in its present size

—Rev. Brunning will lecture at the Opera House this and to-morrow evenings. He is spoken of very highly as a lecturer, and no doubt will deliver a most instructive and entertaining discourse.

—George Corwin was appointed on Tuesday by Judge Wilson to fill the position of Tipstaff made vacant by the death of T. L. Chapin. George is a steady, upright young man and the selection was a good one.

—In Bradford the crossing sweepers are regarded by many as a nuisance because of their importunities. We don't know how that would be here, but a crossing-sweeper could certainly find work enough to keep him employed.

—Elmira has a new young ladies' society, the object of which is "natural improvement by debate and gossip." We recommend the scheme to the ladies of Smethport, who, like their sisters of Elmira, have too long neglected the matter of gossip.

—There will be a donation party for the benefit of Rev. Mr. Brunson, at the parsonage in Farmers Valley on Wednesday evening next, Jan. 18th. The committee will spare no pains to make it a very pleasant affair, and all are heartily invited to attend.

—The large plate glass to be used for clock dials in the steeple of the court house were brought up from the depot one day last week, and upon opening the box it was discovered they were all broken to pieces. There were four of them and they cost $175.

—It was rumored last week that Farmers Valley had a case of small pox. After a little investigation we learned it was a severe case of measles. People should be more careful about circulating such reports as they do more harm in one day than can be undone in a week.

—Yesterday Judge Wilson appointed Fred. K. Washburne, of Foster township as Auditor in the place W. H. Wiggins, who, although elected, was unable to be present, through sickness, at the time the other Auditors were qualified. Mr. Washburne is eminently fitted for the office.

—"Two weeks ago our sprightly contemporary the McKEAN MINER entered upon its nineteenth year. The MINER is getting quite old, but it is losing none of its vitality; on the contrary it is as young looking and lively as ever. We wish it many more years of prosperity as a good local paper."—*Smethport Democrat*, Dec. 28, 1881.

—Kane seems to be rapidly gaining the name of being a hard town. While two old and quiet citizens were on their way to church on Christmas night they were attacked by a party of roughs and badly pounded says the *Blade*. The whisky sold in Kane must be of a fighting quality, or else they don't water it enough. Which is it neighbor.

—The latest thing in the festival line is a "peanut festival." The admission fee is ten cents, and each person receives a bag of peanuts at the door; every lady discards all jewelry, and wears peanut jewelry, ear-rings, ring, bracelets, neck-chain, etc., which will be sold at the festival. This novel idea appears to have originated in Hornellsville, N. Y.

—If any of the married ladies of our burg have any little enmities against each other that they would like to settle, it may be an item of interest for them to learn that two women have been arrested with their husbands in a woods at Visconnes, France, on a charge of fighting a duel. The husbands acted as seconds, and both women were wounded. We would not advise any such method of procedure, however.

—In subscribing for a weekly newspaper,—outside of your home paper which you must have,—it is well to consider the advantage of taking a paper like the *Philadelphia Weekly Press*, which not only furnishes the choice of the general news and reading, but also the fullest Harrisburg and general Pennsylvania news.

—We are indebted to Mrs. Fred Johnson, of Larrabee, for a nice fat turkey, which we received the day before Christmas. It was through an oversight that we neglected to speak of it last week, but if our memory serves us right, which we think it does, it was very palatable, and there is certainly no one who could have enjoyed it more than we did.

—Brother Hughes has dropped from his paper the words "Northern Tier" and in their place substituted the words "Port Allegany," changing its name to the *Port Allegany Reporter*. He thinks the new name will more directly locate the paper. We think the change a wise one, and that the *Reporter* will be appreciated just as much with the new name as it was with the old.

—Prof. Zedaker, the gifted poet, who honored Smethport with his presence yesterday, expects to return shortly and spend an entire week in the hills surrounding this place. The Professor says he is nearly tired out greeting his many admirers, and that if he can remain a week in the woods he will not only add many new poems to his book, but will come out as "fresh and blooming as a June rose."

—Saturday evening last J. K. Tillotson's "Planter's Wife" was produced at the Opera House to a good audience. The performance was the best ever held in Smethport, and our people were much pleased. It was through Messrs. Wagner & Reis, of the Bradford Opera House, that Smethport was treated to this fine play. We hope they will continue to bring such plays to Smethport, and feel confident their ventures will be well rewarded.

—There is a woman living in Rochester who is attracting considerable attention. She is a native of Ireland and came to this country in 1877, after having served a sentence of five years. From 1857 to 1872 she was convicted 130 times. In all that time no year passed without a conviction for some crime, and in 1869 she was convicted twenty-two times. She is now about fifty years old, pretty and well preserved. Evidently that woman will be an unruly spirit in Hades some day.

—A growling exchange remarks: "If our girls grow up with no higher ambition than to pass through their school education with only just that amount of knowledge which will be deemed respectable in fashionable circles, devoting their time out of school to street walking and silly gossip, with not one moment given to domestic duties, who can wonder that they make unreasonable, indolent, incompetent housekeepers?" The logic may be all right but it won't apply to Smethport, as we haven't any such girls.

—At the last term of court the Grand Jury recommended the putting in of a drinking fountain in the public hall of the Court House. We think it a wise act on the part of the Grand Jury, and hope the present Board of Commissioners will see that steps are taken toward this end. Under the present arrangement it is very inconvenient, as there are no places to obtain water for drinking purposes without going into the private rooms of the respective offices, and with the present bountiful supply of pure, cool water, the only expense would be the putting in of the fountain, which is trifling. Let the fountain be put in.

—The cry that young women now-a-days are extravagant and young men "must have a competence" or a fortune before marrying, is simply nonsense. Young man, if you have reached the mature age of 25 or more, are strong and well, have enough of this world's goods to stock one room, and know and love some sensible girl, marry her if you can before a week, and you will be more of a man than ever before. A man begins to live after he persuades some true women to help him, and not before.—Er. Yes; and after you have toted wood and water up two flights, and lugged an old clothes-basket about town trying to gather in the rind of a piece of salt pork, you'll just come to a realization of what married life is. Yes, young man, it's a great deal easier to save the mighty dollar after you are married—it costs nothing to keep two.

—Thursday evening last a terrible calamity happened to a family named Sampson, living in Charlestown township, about five miles from Wellsboro, Tioga county, Pa. It appears that Mr. and Mrs. Sampson went out to Thomas Kelley's one of their neighbors, to spend the evening, leaving Ethel at home with their four younger children in her charge. As the evening dawned the other children became sleepy and she put them to bed, and drawing a couple of chairs up in front of the stove, placed pillows upon them, and lay down on them to await the return of her parents. In this position she soon fell asleep. While sleeping, unconscious of danger, her clothes became ignited, either from a spark of fire or by coming in contact with the stove, and when she awoke, not only her clothes but the chairs were in flames. She lingered in great pain until 5 o'clock Friday morning, when death ended her sufferings. She was a very bright and promising girl.

—For the first time this winter the sleigh bells have sounded on our streets, and now the fear is that "the beautiful" will depart instead of being supplemented by another fall. Lumbermen all over are praying for a heavy fall and we have no doubt but that our merchants join in the prayer. People have lost faith in Vennor, but his prophecies for January are not very cheering and he is as likely as ever to be wrong. He says it is probable that the second week will give a very cold term in northern and western sections, moderating toward the end of the week. Unsettled and stormy but moderate weather will likely characterize the entry of the third week, with blustry and drifty weather and alternation of snow, sleet and rain in northern sections. An occasional fine day between these disturbances. The twenty-fifth is likely to bring lower temperature. Week likely to end mild, with snow and rains extending southward to New York and Washington.

—The town of Sweden, Potter county, according to the *Sentinel*, has had a startling sensation in the elopement of a Mrs. Augusta Holt, a lady already possessing two husbands, with a lad fourteen years of age.

—The neighboring village of Alton is beginning to boom. Work on the bridge is progressing rapidly and people are looking around for town lots. The inhabitants have formed a land league union, and no end of improvements are talked of. There is no doubt a bright prospect before this place.

—And now, says the *Wellsboro Agitator*, we have to warn our readers against another swindling scheme. Over in Bradford county a polite and very sleek-looking quack has been travelling about inquiring out the long-suffering sick people. He goes to their homes, and by his angular power of persuasion he induces the afflicted persons and their friends to buy and pay enormous sums for what he calls medicine, telling them he can cure them, and will come again in a specified time, or if in the meantime they want more medicine, they can send to his address. Of course he represents that he is merely passing through the country with a hired conveyance to see some case to which he has been called all the way from New York city, and his calling is only incidental to the trip. His victims are cautioned not to take the medicine until five or six days have elapsed, thus giving him time to get well out of the country before the imposture is discovered. His medicine is merely sweetened and colored water, some pills and red saunders, to be taken one kind after another until it is all taken, when a cure is guaranteed. One Bradford county farmer was victimized to the tune of $67. It does seem that in this age of newspapers and the frequent exposure of these rascals in the news columns, the people should become wary of such chaps.

Correction.

Editor Miner

In the case of the last shooting affray at Richburg the name of George Holley got into the papers instead of Floyd Holley as doing the shooting. George Holley is a resident of Cuba village, and is a quiet, law-abiding citizen and whatever shooting he may do around Richburg or Bolivar is not considered dangerous. JAMES.

How to Get a Map of the State

The *Philadelphia Press* publishes, in connection with its weekly edition, a new county, township and railroad map of Pennsylvania, which is one of the best and most accurate ever gotten up, and is corrected to the latest surveys. It is 38½ by 29½ inches, is handsomely mounted, and can be had, together with the *Weekly Press*, for one year, for $1.50, the price of the map alone. These maps can be found in any post-office in Pennsylvania. Ask your postmaster to show you a copy of the paper and map.

Death of a Prominent Clergymen in New York.

The Rev. Dr. John Cotton Smith, Rector of the Church of the Association (Episcopal) on Fifth Avenue and 10th street, N. Y., died suddenly on Monday last.

The deceased was widely known as a man of profound learning, and ranked among the very ablest of the clergy in this country.

Dr. Smith was an uncle of Mr. Appleton Morgan, attorney of the Erie R. R., who is at present in our town, and he learned of Dr. Smith's demise too late to reach New York for the funeral.

Another Man Shot in Richburg.

Floyd Holly, a resident of Ceres, this county, went to Richburg last Monday night and after drinking freely of that beverage known and commonly called whisky, drew a revolver and began firing the contents of it into a crowd that was congregated in Gouge's bowling alley. He fired three shots, but the first two balls did nothing more than frighten the assemblage as they whistled over their heads, but the third one struck a young man named Larry Wasson, who immediately fell to the floor, saying that he was badly injured and called for help. After having been carried to a hotel the attending physicians found that a 32 calibre ball had passed through the groin and lodged near the base of the spine, but could not be found by probing and the victim now lies in a very critical condition.

Holly was with some difficulty captured while attempting to escape and finally locked up for a hearing, but talk of lynching was at a time indulged in. He did not seem to shoot at any one in particular and his dastardly deed was prompted only by strong drink and a desire to gain notoriety by shooting some fellow man.—*Star*.

Personal.

—Hon. W. W. Brown was in attendance at Court.

—Fred. K. Washburne, of Gilmor, the newly appointed Auditor, is in town.

—Capt. E. R. Mayo, of Eldred, was in town attending to legal duties the first of the week.

—Joe Beilly started for Rochester Monday morning. Judging from appearance Joe will return a married man.

—Mrs. A. E. Taylor started for Buffalo Tuesday last where she will remain with her daughter, Mrs. J. J. Newman, for some time.

—District Attorney McIlwaney has rented part of A. D. Burbank's house, corner Main and Mechanics steet, where he will reside.

—Dr. Thos. Carroll left on Monday morning for Buffalo. Doc. leans toward matrimony, and we surmise that is the cause of his absence.

—Dr. Henry McCoy is confined to his house from a severe attack of neuralgia in the eye. We are as anxious as the rest of his many friends for his speedy recovery.

—John Kinney, of Annin township, spent Tuesday and Wednesday at the Commissioners' office. Mr. Kinney is assessor of Annin and has the reputation of being a very good one.

—A. M. Kleckner, assessor of Kendall borough, was at the Commissioners office on Wednesday and Thursday comparing his work, and closed his assessment of that borough for 1882.

PIONEERS.

WHAT THEY DO FOR THE PLACES OF THEIR ADOPTION—ONE OF THEM PRESENTED TO OUR READERS.

"Honor to whom honor is due," is an old maxim, and, like many of the old maxims, a true one. To the early settlers in this Union belongs the praise of fostering its infant growth; to the settlers of the different States belongs their present flattering prosperity, and to the pioneers who hewed homes out of the wilderness, the traders and mechanics who endured and triumphed over the privations and vicissitudes peculiar to life in sparsely populated regions, belongs whatever prosperity has now been attained by such places.

In view of these indisputable facts, we think it only just that a passing notice should be given to a few of the gentlemen who have seen this borough rise out a dense forest inch by inch and foot by foot as it were, both in breadth and height, until now its dimensions have spread to no inconsiderable proportions, and out of the midst of it rises a magnificent and lofty structure, which in its turn looks upon many fine places of business and handsome residences.

We intend, therefore, from time to time to notice some of our most prominent men; not with the intention of bowing to the more wealthy ones, but influenced by a desire to give a meede of praise to all who have contributed to the prosperity of Smethport, independent of present financial standing or influence.

Journals, as a rule, are not lax with their tributes to the departed ones, and this is proper, but we may say without fear of contradiction that a few words of praise and encouragement to the living will not be without effect, and that effect will be a good one. Thus it is that we have undertaken our present task, and with these few words of introduction we will commence by mentioning the name of one of our oldest residents and county officers, a gentleman who has filled some of the most important offices in the gift of the people of this county, and now holds the important office of Justice of the Peace, administering justice with dignity and impartiality. We refer to

PHILETUS FOOTE, ESQUIRE

This gentleman, who is now seventy three years of age, has spent forty five years of that time in Smethport, coming here in 1837 from Chenango county, N. Y., at his physician's advice for the benefit of his health and which advice, from the Squire's present robust appearance we should judge to have been very wisely imparted. Mr. Foote came here a single man, but on a visit to his home in 1841 he espoused a Miss Maria Everett, his present wife. The issue of this marriage has been a daughter, Clara, the wife of Dr. H. L. McCoy, of this place, and a son who died at the early age of two years.

Mr. Foote commenced his business career as a clerk for Judge Bartwell, who was then carrying on the mercantile business, but in the Fall of 1840 embarked in trade in company with two others, the name of the firm being Hawkins, Foote & Co., and their store was in an old building on the site of the present residence of Mr. J. C. Backus, which business he carried on until 1843, when he went into company with Mr. Holmes, with the firm name of Foote & Holmes. The firm commenced business by selling mercantile goods in the old Astor House, now burnt down, afterwards moving into the store at present occupied by J. C. Hamlin, and during the years '45 and '46 carried on an extensive lumber business, in the course of which they rafted nearly two million feet of lumber into Cincinnati. In '46 Mr. Holmes' health failed somewhat, and in the Fall of that year he closed up his business with Mr. Foote, who was then elected to the office of Sheriff. In this important position he served his full term and was succeeded by Mr. Ezra Bard, the father of the present editor and proprietor of this paper. Mr. Bard's health failing, Mr. Foote was again installed into the office as Deputy-Sheriff, and filled that position until the death of Mr. Bard, which occurred after he had served about two years of his term. In 1851 Mr. Foote entered on the duties of Deputy-Prothonotary under Richard Chadwick, Mr. C.'s health failing, the duties of the office fell upon Mr. F., and he continued to discharge the duties during Mr. Chadwick's term and the two succeeding ones, which were filled by Messrs. S. C. Hyde and P. E. Scully. Having in the meanwhile applied himself to the study of law, in 1860 Mr. Foote was admitted to the Bar of McKean county, of which body he was an esteemed and honored member. In the Spring of 1860 he was elected as Justice of the Peace, and in 1861 he was appointed Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue for this District, which office he filled for twelve years. His Justiceship having expired in 1865 he was re-elected, but through the interference of a few malcontents, was not awarded his commission. However, in 1870 he was again elected by the people, this time receiving his commission, and has since that time filled the office to the satisfaction of his constituents.

During his busy and active life, Mr. Foote has shown himself energetic, shrewd, and wise, both in his business and official capacities, and a genial gentleman whom it is a pleasure to meet. We hope he may live long yet to carry on the duty he now fills so well. Appearances certainly indicate that such will be the case, and that Smethport is a good to obtain not only health but prosperity for those who have brains and know how to use them.

The New Bishop of Pittsburg.

The Bishop-elect, Dr. Cortlandt Whitehead, of Bethlehem, Pa., is to be consecrated in Trinity Church, Pittsburg, on the Festival of the Conversion of St. Paul, Jan. 25th, 1882. The Bishop of Pennsylvania, Rt. Rev. William Bacon Stevens, D. D., will be the Consecrator, by appointment of the Presiding Bishop, the venerable Bishop Smith. The Rt. Rev. Dr. Howe, the Bishop of Central Pennsylvania, will be the preacher on the occasion. Bishop Coxe, of Western New York, and Bishop Scarborough, of New Jersey, will be the presenters. The Bishops of Ohio and Western Virginia will assist in the services. Seventeen years ago, on the same day, Jan. 25th, Bishop Kerfoot was consecrated the first Bishop of Pittsburg, in the same Trinity Parish, Pittsburg.

DEATH OF MRS. L. N. TAYLOR.

ANOTHER OLD SETTLER GONE TO REST.

The tolling of the bell on Monday, the 2nd inst., as anxious listeners counted the dismal peals, proclaimed the fact that one ripe in years had passed away. Such was indeed the case. The bell announced the death of Mrs. Lois Niles Taylor, relict of the late Deacon James Taylor, which occurred in this place at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Louisa T. Mellbery, and her age was ninety-five years.

Mrs. Taylor was a native of Colchester, Conn., where she was born in August, 1787. She was married in 1811 and moved to this place in June 1834, since which time she has resided here. Being a settler of so early a date she was subjected to the many trials and hardships incidental to pioneer life, but with her husband passed through them triumphantly. She was the mother of eight children, two of whom survive her, one of whom is Mrs. Mellbery of this borough and one the wife of Rev. Dr. Eaton, of Franklin, Pa. Being spared so long beyond the allotted "three-score-years-and-ten," she was allowed to look upon and affectionately caress little ones of even the fourth generation, and hermotherly heart always rejoiced in so doing. She consecrated herself to the service of the Lord many years ago, being baptised as a member of the Baptist Church, of which she was an active and persistent member. Thus her lengthened years were conducive to the benefit of all upon whom her christian influence fell—an influence which did not cease until her spirit fled, as she retained her consciousness until the end, and those around her were allowed to see a spirit fall to sleep in the hope of a blessed immortality. Her large circle of friends and relations, although their grief is great, have in it consoling knowledge of her ripe age and happy end.

A Distinguished Visitor.

The poet Zedaker, who—in his mind—is a whole constellation, arrived in Smethport on Wednesday from Bradford, where he has lately been starring it, and for a few brief hours illuminated our humble burg with his illustrious presence. He registered at the Bennett House, and Host Bronson obtained an autograph in his register at which he can always gaze with pride and delight. On his way over he showed the great condescention to visit Davis City, and met with an ovation there sufficient to have paralyzed a less distinguished individual. However, on his arrival here he was as genial as ever, and not the least disturbed by the many attentions paid him, and ground out poetry with the celerity of a sausage machine and the force of a steam hammer. He showed no false pride and was as affable with Judge Wilson, who escorted him to the the Court House and assigned him a seat within the Bar, as he was with the gentlemanly clerk of the Bennett House bar, the polite clerks in Haskill's store, or the jovial Stan Townsend; in fact, he treated all alike. He visited the MINER office, and we feel highly flattered at the kindliness he displayed to us and the poetry he indited for us, but are sorry to say that through extraordinary pressure upon our space we must defer its publication until "some other day." The poet will forgive this, we hope, as his mighty poetical brain which sees poetry in every object from a roaring cascade to an unromantic pile of junk, evolves rhyme at every step, and the whole of his poems are soon to electrify the world.

The only lamentable fact connected with his visit is that one of our printers caught the poetic fever, and in his delirium perpetrated the following atrocity:

I'd like to be a poet and roam around the land,
Some paper in my pocket, a pencil in my hand;
Of fair ladies to salute and take my little rest,
Until an angel called me to my home among the blest.

This was too much; seizing a mallet, we became the unhappy cause of his untimely death, and are now awaiting arrest.

Out of Harness.

Judge Brownell, who has just retired from the position of Associate Judge, which he has filled with dignity and ability, will be kindly remembered by his associates of the Bench and Bar for the obliging and gentlemanly qualities he has always displayed, and the capacity he has shown in the performance of his duties. Although elected by Democrats he made many warm friends among Republicans, and all alike will miss him.

The Judge has also concluded to take off the harness he has so long worn in his busy mercantile life, and leaves the business in the hands of his sons Geo. H. and Fred W. Brownell, young men who have had a long business training, are gentlemanly and obliging, and will no doubt receive as large a share of patronage as was extended to the firm when the Judge was a member of it. Although the Judge will be much missed from the store his busy life fully entitles him to the rest he has concluded to take.

Universalist Meetings in Smethport This Week.

At the invitation of many of the citizens of this place, Rev. B. Brunning, Pastor of the Universalist Church of Bradford, will preach in the Kittridge Opera House on the evenings of Thursday and Friday, January 12th and 13th. He will define Universalism, both in its practical and doctrinal aspect. He has sent to friends here, the following subjects upon which he expects to preach, viz: "Religion in Universalism the Better Way;" and the parable of the "Ninety and Nine," taking the Moody and Sankey hymn of that title as the foundation for his discourse. We expect that large audiences will avail themselves of the opportunity to hear this earnest and enthusiastic preacher.

When to Vaccinate.

An erroneous impression is abroad that one vaccination was sufficient for a lifetime. Others hold that one every seven years was sufficient. This is simply a superstition. The fact is that whenever the system of a person is in such condition that vaccination will "take," that person is susceptible to small-pox. The only course, then, is to get vaccinated whenever the scourge is prevalent. If it "takes," the precaution is timely, if it does not "take," there is no harm done, and the peace of mind of the person is insured.

The Bradford Small Pox Scare.

The case of smallpox which has occurred at Bradford caused a great consternation, but every possible precaution has been taken by the Board of Health of that city to completely isolate it, and the public are assured that there is no undue cause for alarm, and that the schools and other public places need not be closed. In the meantime several wild reports have spread and among the timid residents there is great alarm. The Parker House where the patient now lies has been strictly quarantined and the vicinity bears a deserted aspect.

LATER.—Since the above was written, the patient has died. His name was Reuben Green, he was aged thirty-one years, unmarried and a driller by occupation. He was above the medium height, of vigorous constitution and weighed about 180 pounds. He has been a resident of the oil region for the past twelve years. By those with whom he was acquainted he was of a quiet and industrious disposition. Deceased was born in Russell, Geauga county, Ohio, where a younger brother at present resides. Two married sisters also live in Ohio. His father is a resident of Iowa. All his friends have been notified of his death. Deceased was a nephew of Mrs. A. Herrman, of Bradford. The latter knew nothing of his illness until after his death. This was the only case of small-pox in Bradford and the authorities are confident that they have adopted such precautions that no further fear need be anticipated from that source. The Parker House will be kept closed and the inmates quarantined until the wisdom of the Health Board shall provide otherwise. The authorities are thankful to Mr. E. O. Emerson, who kindly offered a place of interment for the remains of Green in case of necessity. Every care was taken at the interment to guard against the spread of the virulent disease.

Housekeepers Beware.

In this part of the country where we have our doors shaken and windows broken by the explosion of nitro-glycerine, it may be interesting to some of our readers to learn that a newly-discovered explosive agent has been heard of, and this is lard, that very requisite article in our kitchens. Yes, the oleaginous product of the hog is now to be added to the list of devastating explosives. The compound of sulphur, charcoal and villanous saltpetre which Friar Bacon hit upon in the thirteen century and named gunpowder, has for years been put in the shade by the explodants named gun-cotton, giant-powder, nitro-glycerine, dynamite and last but not least the product of this region, kerosene oil. Gunpowder revolutionized the art of war, the other explosives in their turn have revolutionized trade, commerce and other things—not forgetting fire-kindling. What this last-discovered explosive will do it is hard to say, but we wish to be among the first to call attention to it and utter a faint note of warning. The newspapers tell us that only a few days ago at St. Louis a pork-packing house was blown to splinters by the ignition of fourteen good-sized tanks of lard. We would not wish to cause needless alarm, but perhaps for the future prudent housewives will handle this article with care. That flour is, under certain conditions, a dangerous explosive has been already demonstrated in several instances and by the blowing up of Minnesota flour mills. Fortunately the wreck of the Western pork establishment did not involve a loss of life, like that of the Iowa powder magazine which occurred the day before, and we do not know the extent of lard in our readers kitchens; however we have done our duty in calling attention to the fact of the accidental discovery of this new explosive.

Business Locals.

—Wm. Haskill & Son have some very handsome Nubias and Hood which they are selling very low.

—Remember Wm. Haskill & Son have the largest line of Gents' Furnishing Goods in the city and at prices that defy competition.

—For Ladies' Shoes go to Haskill & Son's.

—The two best Sewing Machines in the market—"New Home" and "Hartford." Call and see them at Wm. Haskill & Son's.

—A full line of Domestics and Flannels at Wm. Haskill & Son's.

—Now is your time to buy. Haskill & Son are offering bargains in dress goods.

—Haskill & Son will sell you the best Cloak for the least money. Call and see them.

—The best place to buy your Clothing is at Wm. Haskill & Son's.

—Great bargains at Haskill & Son's for three weeks. Come and bring your friends.

—A large stock of wall paper just received at Specht & Sease's. All the new and latest designs. 2-tf.

—For fine job printing go to the MINER office.

School Statistics.

According to the report of the State Superintendent of Schools, the whole number of teachers in Pennsylvania is nearly equal to the rank and file of the regular army. There are 21,288 persons engaged in teaching in the public schools—male, 9,809; females, 11,988. The pupils of the state number 921,749, and the average cost of their tuition per month is 74 cents each. There are 14,600 School Directors in the State. The decrease of male teachers during the year is 373, while the increase of school marms is 350. The total cost of tuition, new buildings, fuel and contingencies during the year was $7,322,003.01. The total value of public school property in the State is $26,695,321. The average salary of male teachers per month is $33.06; of female teachers, $29.06.

"The Best Newspaper ever Published in Pennsylvania."

This is one of the many complimentary things said about the *Philadelphia Press*, by its contemporaries. It is indeed an enterprising and thoroughly readable newspaper, whose pages are never soiled by the unclean things which make so many journals of the day dangerous visitors in the family circle. If you are not a reader of the *Press* already, send for a specimen copy.

One Reason Why there are so Many Smiths.

There is a rather remarkable family by the name of Smith, some of the members of which are living in Tompkins county. The originals of the family were Samuel and Hannah Smith. They were married on April 1, 1786. In 1808 they removed from Connecticut where they had been living, to the town of Lansing in Tompkins county. Thirteen children were born to them, all of whom lived to an advanced age, the one living the shortest time, dying at the age of sixty-one years, six months and twenty-two days. Four of the children are still living, one, Samuel Smith, of Newfield, being in his ninety-third year, and the youngest, Ruben Smith, of King's Ferry, being in his sixty-ninth year. The combined ages of the thirteen children, at this time is 1,011 years, 8 months and three days, and their average age 77 years, 9 months and 26 days. The father died in 1865, and two weeks before his death the family had a reunion in Lansing. All of the thirteen with their husbands and wives were present. All were then married but the youngest one. He married since, and all of them had families of children. There has been ninety-five grandchildren born in the family, of whom fifty-six are now living, and the number of great-grandchildren is 153. That's a record for one couple indeed in less than one hundred years. The mother, before she died, visited the thirteen homes of her children, after they were all married and settled with homes of their own. There are five generations of this family now living.

Minister Kilpatrick's Death.

From meagre reports received at Washington concerning Gen. Judson Kilpatrick's death, it is learned that he had suffered for five months from Bright's disease of the kidneys, incapacitating him almost completely from his official duties. He rallied slightly and on the very day of his death he attempted to dictate some dispatches to the state department. He died peacefully on the night of December 2, and was to have been buried on December 3. The officers and men of the United States steamer Alaska were to assist at the interment. The project of bringing his remains home is being discussed, and it is probable that congress will be appealed to for this purpose.

Great Inducements to the People of Smethport and Vicinity.

Having bought the largest stock of Dry Goods, Notions, &c. ever brought into Smethport, and owing to the open winter we are having, we have concluded to sell our winter stock at a reduction of ten per cent. in order to reduce it by the first of February to take an inventory.

Remember all goods marked in plain figures and will be sold as stated.

We mean business. Come and see for yourselves and you cannot help to invest as we offer some rare bargains.

Thanking the people for their liberal patronage during the past year, and hoping we may receive a continuance of the same, we remain ever your obedient servants. WM. HASKILL & SON.

Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 3, 1882.

Step in and Settle.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are hereby notified to call and settle immediately, and save themselves costs. A prompt settlement will save trouble and costs. W. T. CALLAR.

Smethport, Jan. 1, 1882.

Dentistry.

Dr. L. M. Raub will be at the Wright House, January 17 and 18, 1882, for the practice of Dentistry. Special attention given to filling and preserving the natural teeth. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Dr. VonBonhorst's anæsthetic and gas. 4-3t.

Take Notice.

All accounts due A. Reilly for goods procured at the cigar and tobacco store lately owned by him are in my hands for collection. Prompt settlement of the same will save costs.

4-4tf O. M. SMITH, J. P.

To Lumbermen and Farmers.

For all kinds of lumber sleds, cutters, and in fact any kind of sleighs go to Wm. Masner's, Water street, where you can find anything in that line cheap for cash.

I keep the best horseshoer in my employ to be found in the country.

3tf. JACOB WISE, Sup't.

Horses For Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale a span of horses together with the harnesses. They are perfectly sound, kind and gentle. For further information inquire of

2-3t S. J. GIFFORD, Smethport Pa.

Fraser Axle Grease.

One trial will convince you that it is the best. Ask your dealer for the Fraser Axle Grease, and take no other. Every box has our trade mark on. 47-3m

Important to Travelers.

Special inducements are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue. 44-3m.

LEGAL.

Notice.

The general meeting of the stockholders of the New York, Lidgway and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, for the election of a President and Board of Directors to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1310 Spruce St., West Philadelphia, on Friday evening, June 7 (7th), 1881, between the hours of seven and nine o'clock. L. BOOMER, Sec.

Harrisburg, June, 1st, 1881. 4-6t.

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Buckhorn and Kinzua Railroad Company will be held at their office in Smethport, on Tuesday, the 17th day of January, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., for the election of Directors and to transact such other business as may at that time be presented.

Transfer books will close December 20th and remain closed until after the election.

GEO. A. BERRY, President.

ATTEST:
ANDREW DUNN, Sec'y.
Bradford, Pa., Dec. 15th, 1881.4-3t.

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Smethport and Kinzua Railroad Company will be held at their office in Smethport, on Tuesday, the 17th day of January, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., for the election of Directors and to transact such other business as may at that time be presented.

Transfer books will close December 20th and remain closed until after the election.

GEO. A. BERRY, President.

ATTEST:
ANDREW DUNN, Sec'y.
Bradford, Pa., Dec. 15th, 1881.4-3t.

THE

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PRICES LOW

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

CONDUCTED BY M. J. CAMPBELL.

DISCIPLINE OF THE SCHOOL.

BY HIRAM ORCUTT, LL. D.

Is used by the Bureau of Education, Washington, D.C., August 14, 1881.

MORAL SUASION NOT THE REMEDY FOR REBELLION.

Moral suasion is not the remedy for bold and defiant violations of law. Rebellion should be met by stunning, crushing blows, such as will vindicate and reestablish authority and deter others from committing the same crime. Mildness is cruelty under such circumstances. All such cases demand instant and determined action. The time for conciliation is after the rebels are subjugated and the authority of the government is restored. But moral influence and kindness should attend every act of severity, never let the sun go down upon the wrath of a chastised pupil. Now him alone, bring to bear upon him every moral power, treat him now with kindness and confidence, and thus restore him to duty and favor. Without the rod, moral suasion might have been powerless, or, if successful, what was gained by persuasion was lost to authority. It must never be doubtful, that the master has supreme control over his little kingdom. If his authority is trifled with it must be restored without delay, and any punishment is judicious that is necessary to this end. The system of government here recommended does not offer an angry word or blow for every offence, real or fancied. The best masters who have adopted it punish the least. And when severe punishment becomes necessary, the pupil is made to believe that a sense of duty, and not passion, nerves the arm to strike the blow. He is made to understand that it is the master's duty to command and the pupil's duty to obey. Practically, the system of government based upon authority has alone been successful; every system that has abandoned the right or lost the power to punish has proved a failure.

STUDY A DISCIPLINE.

Study is mental gymnastics, systematic thinking, and the end in view is development and culture. Study is of the first importance, and hence must have the first attention of every practical teacher. In the organization, classification, management, and government of his school his chief aim is to secure systematic thinking. To this end he arranges certain hours of the day to be especially devoted to study. No unnecessary interruptions are allowed. He enforces rigid discipline, that the school room may be quiet, and, most important of all, he inspires his pupils with enthusiasm that creates a love for the duties of the school and earnestness in study. He teaches his pupils how to study. He shows them that it is not the number of hours spent with books in hand, but close application, that secures thorough discipline and good lessons, and that self application is the only condition of sound learning. The wise teacher instructs his pupils to study thoughts and subjects, instead of words and books.

Study is the exercise of acquiring and the only means of mental culture; mind is developed through its agency and power of self control and self direction gained.

SMALL CLASSES ARE DESIRABLE.

That teacher who claims ability to educate classes numbering from fifty to seventy five is either a novice or a quack. Such teaching is a fruitful source of indolence and superficial scholarship. Recitation in concert is equally objectionable. This may occasionally be profitable for recreation and improvement when the whole school can engage in a fair class recitation in concert, as a habit, creates disorder, prevents quiet study, destroys self reliance, affords a hiding place for the idle and reckless, and removes the strongest motives for self application.

NATURAL METHOD OF TEACHING.

The untrammelled child in the nursery has a happy way of acquiring knowledge and discipline. His home is now his school. The domestic animals, his playmates, and his toys occupy his attention and awaken his interest. His mind is fully alive to every object his eyes behold. Observe, now, the natural process of learning, and from this learn the natural method of instruction. First the object, then its name, and finally its nature and uses.

Now transfer this child to the school room, and common sense teaches that the object and word method of instruction must be continued in distinction from the alphabetic. The word method begins with the words found in the book, and the child learns to read correctly and fluently a hundred pages in "Webb's First Reader" before he is expected to know the name or sound of a single letter. But something more is here contemplated than learning words—first, the picture and then the object, if it is at hand, and then the name, with its meaning and use. The thing before the sign is the rule in teaching by this method, even with familiar objects. Particles and connectives, and other words not represented by objects, should be learned with this meaning, so as to be recognized at sight. Words descriptive of color and actions should be illustrated by examples. When spelling comes to be taught with reading, and the alphabet to be learned, it should be by the analysis of the words found in the reading lesson, instead of the old method of learning the A B C's and spelling columns of unmeaning words from the spelling book. By this method the child knows the word at sight. As he knows the object which it represents, he can speak it without hesitation or drawling; he knows the meaning of every word in the lesson, and is able to read as he would talk; he avoids the use and vexation of unmeaning symbols, which serve only to create disgust and contempt for both books and school. And as the child's education advances the same method of instruction should be carried into all departments of study. Defining and explaining should, as far as possible, be done by the use of objects, and should be extensively practiced in spelling and reading and in every other department of the school.

METHOD OF TEACHING ENGLISH.

The study of our own language by the use of the English dictionary should be encouraged and required of all. In teaching spelling, punctuation, and the use of capitals, the attention of the scholar should be directed to the printed page. He will there see correct forms and usage, and thus acquire the habit of criticism and correctness in practice. Why these capitals are so used should be explained, and what variations of the voice the punctuation marks indicate should be illustrated by the teacher's voice.

(To be Continued.)

Guilty of Wrong.

Some people have a fashion of confusing excellent remedies with the large mass of "patent medicines," and in this they are guilty of a wrong. There are some advertised remedies fully worth all that is asked for them, and one at least we know of Hop Bitters. The writer has had occasion to use the Bitters in just such a climate as we have most of the year in Bay City, and has always found them to be first-class and reliable, doing all that is claimed for them.—*Tribune.*

Not a Beverage.

"They are not a beverage, but a medicine, with curative properties of the highest degree, containing no poor whisky or poisonous drugs. They do not tear down an already debilitated system, but build it up. One bottle contains more hops, (i. e. more real hop strength, than a barrel of ordinary beer. Every druggist in Rochester sells them, and the physicians prescribe them." *Evening Express* on Hop Bitters.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Independent.

The foremost religious newspaper of the United States. THE REV. JOSEPH COOK.

ESTABLISHED in 1848, as an advocate of anti-slavery and of reforms in religion and politics, THE INDEPENDENT at once became a recognized power throughout the country. Its influence has ever since been constantly growing. It has fought against slavery and for cheap postage, as it will fight against Mormonism, for Civil-Service Reform, and for purity in politics, and general uprightness in all things. It employs the best editorial talent and speaks fearlessly on all subjects. It pays for contributed articles and for editorial services more than double the amount paid by any other weekly newspaper.

It publishes more religious discussion than the religious reviews, some poetry and stories than the popular monthlies, and gives more information than an annual cyclopaedia. The long cabin dispatches recently published from the great Methodist Council in London are a good illustration of what THE INDEPENDENT is constantly doing. A list of the most prominent religious and philosophical writers, poets, and story writers in the country is the list of the contributors of THE INDEPENDENT. Besides the space set aside for these writers and for editorials, there are twenty-two distinct departments, edited by twenty-two specialists, which include Biblical Research, Sanitary, Legal, Fine Arts, Music, Science, Pebbles, Personalities, Ministerial Register, Hymn Notes, School and College, Literature, Religious Intelligence, Missions, Sunday school, News of the Week, Financial, Commerce, Insurance, Stories, Puzzles, and Agriculture. 32 Pages in all.

Our New Terms for 1882.

One subscription one year	$3 00
For 6 months, trial, for 3 months	0 75
One subscription two years	5 00
One subscription without new subscriber, in one remittance	5 00
One subscription with two new subscribers, in one remittance	7 00
One subscription with three new subscribers, in one remittance	9 00
One subscription with four new subscribers, in one remittance	10 00
One subscription five years	10 00
Any number over five at the same rate, invariably with one remittance.	

These reduced prices—$2 per annum in clubs of five or more—are very much lower than any of the standard religious weeklies.

Subscribe with your friends and get the low rate. We offer no premiums.

Contrary to the custom of all the religious newspapers, THE INDEPENDENT will be either stopped at the end of the time for which payment is made.

Send postal card for free specimen copy and folder for yourself. Address

THE INDEPENDENT,
25 Broadway, New York. 50f

$2 Watches. Name this paper, Wilcox & Hutchinson, 24 Jackson st., Kalamazoo, Mich. Cheapest and best watch for your money. Send for circular. THOS. PRICE & CO., 182 Nassau st., New York. 44-47.

Wm. H. Insolite. H. H. Warner Insolite. McMurtrie.

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Warner Building, Washington, D. C.

Attention given to Patent and Mining cases, Land, Pensions, Bounties, and Government Claims. Attention prompt, charges moderate. Address with stamp. Refer to Members of Congress and Heads of Government Departments. 3f

$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. Any one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 5-1

1882.
Harper's Magazine.
ILLUSTRATED.

"Always varied, always good, always improving."—CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS, Jr.

Harper's Magazine, the most popular illustrated periodical in the world, begins its sixty-fourth volume with the December Number. It represents what is best in American literature and art; and its marked success in England—where it has already a circulation larger than that of any English magazine of the same class has—brought into its service the most eminent writers and artists of Great Britain. The forthcoming volumes for 1882 will in every respect surpass their predecessors.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

PE-RU-NA
MAN-A-LIN

For Sale by A. B. Armstrong. 6-16 1y

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sacse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of vicinity and the county with

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand

Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, as I

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SACSE,
Main St., Smethport, Pa.

New Carriage Shop
IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,
COURTLAND PLATFORMS,
ROAD WAGONS,
CARRIAGES,
AND SLEIGHS,
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT, March 10, 1881.—y1.

$10 Outfit furnished free, with full instructions for conducting the most profitable business that anyone can engage in. The business is so easy to learn, and our instructions are so simple and plain, that any one can make great profits from the very start. No one can fail who is willing to work. Women are as successful as men. Boys and girls can earn large sums. Many have made at the business over one hundred dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. All who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in this business during your spare time at great profit. You do not have to invest capital in it. We take all the risk. Those who need ready money, should write to us at once. All furnished free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 4-17.

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 2, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!
Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.
At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 26, 1882-4f.

GLYCERINE
FOR NITRO,
On hand and contracts made for future delivery.

ARNSON & WILZINSKI,
14 Cedar St.,
New York.

MISCELLANEOUS

Fall & Winter
OPENING!
1881.

JOSEPH & DORNBERG,
NO. 30 MAIN STREET,
ELDRED, PA.

Have Just Opened the Largest and Most complete Stock of
Boys' and Childrens'
CLOTHING
To be found anywhere. Their stock of
GENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS,
IS IMMENSE.

Those preferring garments made to order can be accommodated, as a large stock of Foreign and Domestic piece goods is always on hand, and good fits guaranteed.

Joseph & Dornberg,
ELDRED, PA.

LOTS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES
—AT—
Farmers' Valley Depot.

The undersigned is prepared to lease very eligible lots for building and business purposes at Farmers Valley depot, on reasonable terms. For further information call upon or address

ADAM BROCKAM,
MAY 8, 1879-tf Farmers' Valley, Pa.

A. REILLY,

Contractor in Stone Masonry, Brick Work, Lathing and Plastering.

LIME,
LATH,
PLASTER and
PLASTERING HAIR,

Furnished at the LOWEST RATES

MARBLE FRONT
BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDEVENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING,
HAIR-CUTTING,
SHAMPOOING,

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen Employed.

Bath Rooms Attached.

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

How-When-Where-Why

HOW?

Put money in your purse and come to my store where you can buy goods cheap.

WHEN?

Any time.

WHERE?

At my store in Colegrove. I invite examination and inspection.

WHY?

That's the question. Why buy of me? Well, because in justice to yourselves, friends and families.

Goods are all Marked in Plain Figures.

I can sell you better Goods and Cheaper than any other dealer in this Valley.

C. M. COLEGROVE.

Colegrove, Pa. Sept. 28, 1881-6m.

MILLINERY GOODS
LATEST
Fall AND Winter
STYLES.

Ladies' Canes Underwear, Fine Knitting, Yelling, Knitting Silk, Worsted & Notions.

All orders promptly executed with neatness and dispatch. Prices warranted to please.

Miss E. CARSON,

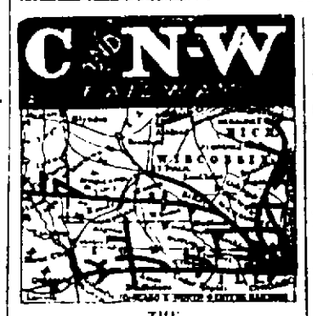
Next door to Gallup's new brick store, on main, Main street, Smethport, Pa. 3-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order



THE
Chicago & Northwestern Rail'y
IN THE
OLDEST, BEST CONSTRUCTED, BEST EQUIPPED AND HENCE THE
LEADING RAILWAY
OF THE
WEST & NORTHWEST.

It is the short and best route between Chicago and all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, California, Oregon, Arizona, Utah, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada and for

Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver, Leadville, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Deadwood, Sioux City.

Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Columbus, and all points in the Territories, and the West. Also for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Watertown, Burlington, Neenah, Menasha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Sioux Falls, Pierre, Bismarck, Winona, La Crosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin, and the Northwest.

At Council Bluffs the trains of the Chicago & North-western and the U. P. Rys. depot from, arrive at and use the same Joint Union Depot.

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, P. C. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk Rys., and the Kankakee and Pan Handle Routes.

Close connections made at Junction Points. It is the only line running

PULLMAN HOTEL DINING CARS
BETWEEN
Chicago & Council Bluffs.

Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains.

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road. Examine your Tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your Tickets by this route.
AND WILL TAKE NO OTHER.

All Ticket Agents sell tickets by this line.

MARVIN HUGHITT,
Gen'l Manager. V. P. & Gen'l Man., Chicago.

WHY DO YOU
Go away from home to
BUY HARNESS GOODS
when you can get
BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

I employ none but
FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,
And use no stock in WARRANTED to be of the finest durable kind.

These goods are all hand made by first-class workmen, and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather.

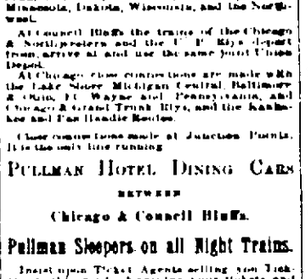
A CALL AT MY SHOP and I feel confident you will find I can do better by you than can any foreign dealers.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa. April 21, 1879

HELP Yourselves by making money when a golden chance is offered, thereby always keeping poverty from your door. Those who do improve such chances remain in poverty. We want men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 5-1y.

GET THE BEST!



LEAD ALL OTHERS!
Every Style & Price.
Guaranteed Unequaled
FOR
OPERATION,
ECONOMY,
DURABILITY and
WORKMANSHIP.
Improvements and Conveniences found in no others.
Always Reliable.
POPULAR EVERYWHERE.
For Sale in Every City and Town in the United States.

For sale by M. A. Sprague, dealer in general hardware, Smethport, Pa. 32-6m

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. 5-1y

OR. WHITE'S
ASIATIC AGUE CURE
INVARIABLY
Gives Immediate Relief and Cure
IN THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:
FEVER AND AGUE,
MALARIA,
BILIOUSNESS,
JAUNDICE,
DYSPEPSIA,
SICK HEADACHE,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
SCIATIC RHEUMATISM,
DEBILITY,
LOSS OF APPETITE.
IS A
GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER,
IS THE BEST OF TONICS,
Prevents YELLOW FEVER
AND
All CONTAGIOUS DISEASES
Read what Others say

Wm. T. New Brighton, N. J., says: "Asiatic Ague Cure entirely cured me of Chills & Fever which I had for many years. It also cured many cases in Malaria, Rheumatism, &c. My father was given over, and cured of Fever and Ague."

J. B. Brower, of Belleville Ave., Jersey City, N. J., writes: "I paid $50 to Dr. Quinine and doctor's bills, but got no relief. I tried your Asiatic Ague Cure, and in a few weeks was cured of Chills and Fever. I find it a sound and true friend."

S. F. Mason, Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "Asiatic Cure relieved me of Dyspepsia . . . more than everything else had failed."

John Hosier, Greenpoint, N. Y., writes: "For years have been troubled with complaint in the Liver, arising from biliousness and impure blood. Your medicine entirely cured me."

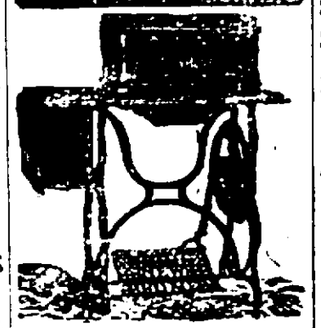
F. A. Hewett, — Milton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "I used your medicine to set like a charm on the Liver, as it just what I needed for purifying and making the blood."

All your Druggists for Asiatic Ague Cure.

PREPARED ONLY BY
Empire Chemical Company,
20 Union Square, New York City.

THE ONLY PERFECT
SEWING MACHINE.
THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME



Pronounced by an army of happy purchasers to be the BEST.
The NEW HOME is positively
The Simplest, Easiest Running,
Most Reliable, Most
Durable and Most Popular Sewing Machine ever invented.
It combines the good points of all other machines with none of their defects.
Full information, Descriptive Catalogues, &c., free on application.
JOHNSON, CLARK & CO.
30 Union Square, N. Y.
348 State St., Chicago, Ills.
And Orange, Mass.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of youthful indiscretion, causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham st., N. Y. 8-1y

DR. HUTCHINSON'S
WORM DESTROYER
AN OLD AND TRIED REMEDY.

Do not let Worms and the nervous and deep disorders they cause undermine the vitality of your children. We guarantee to the user. We have hundreds of Testimonials, endorsed in the last 15 years proving conclusively that it is no remedy equal to Dr. Hutchinson's Worm Destroyer to remove the Worms all kinds, *Round, Pin and Tape*, and Tapes that infest the human system. Dispels fear by it and give them to their suffering parents. *There is no humbug or quackery about this Destroyer*, it is a reliable medicine. Sold by Druggists generally. Price 50c. per bottle.

A. W. WRIGHT & CO., Wholesale Druggists,
Market and Front Streets, Philadelphia.
13-26.1

W. T. CALLAR,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS & MEDICINES!
TOILET ARTICLES,
Stationery, Etc., Etc.

—ALSO, PURE—
Wines & Liquors.

General Insurance Agency.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
W. T. CALLAR,
SMETHPORT, PA.

HOP BITTERS.
(A Medicine, not a Drink.)
CONTAINS
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,
And the Purest and Best Medical Qualities of All Other Bitters.
THEY CURE
All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs. Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Especially Female Complaints.
$1000 IN GOLD,
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no others.
In C. C. case, absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.
Sold by Druggists. Send for Circular.
All above sold by druggists.
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD
Time table went into effect Monday, July 4th, 1881, at 8:30 o'clock, a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL—Leaves Larrabee 11:35 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 11:45; Reed's 11:50; Farmers Valley 11:53; Smethport, 12:05 p. m.; Crosby, 12:30; Colegrove, 12:39; Hamlin, 12:57; Westway, 12:45; Clermont, 12:57.

EXPRESS, No. 4.—Leaves Larrabee 1:45 p. m., arriving at Frisbee 6:30; Reed's 5:30; Farmers Valley 5:53; Smethport 6:05 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 6.—Leaves Larrabee 2:30 a. m., arriving at Frisbee ——; Reed's 6:30; Farmers Valley 6:53; Smethport 6:55 p. m.

LOCAL, No. 10, second class.—Leaves Larrabee 5:35 p. m., arriving at Frisbee 5:39; Reed's 6:00; Farmers Valley 6:12; Smethport 6:25; Crosby 6:40; Colegrove 6:50; Hamlin 7:00; Westway 6:30; Clermont 7:10.

CLERMONT COAL, second Class, No. 20.—Leaves Larrabee 8:30 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 5:35; Reed's 8:40; Farmers Valley 8:50; Smethport 9:00; Crosby 8:50; Colegrove 8:37; Hamlin 8:30; Westway 8:20; Clermont 7:10.

NORTHWARD.

EXPRESS, No. 1.—Leaves Clermont 7:35 a. m., arriving at Westway at 7:50; Hamlin 8:00; Colegrove 8:08; Crosby 8:15; Smethport 8:35; Farmers Valley 8:52; Reed's 9:00; Frisbee 9:30; Larrabee 9:35.

MAIL, No. 3.—Leaves Clermont at 1:22 p. m., arriving at Westway at 1:38; Hamlin 1:50; Colegrove 1:58; Crosby 2:06; Smethport 2:15; Farmers Valley 2:35; Reed's 2:39; Frisbee 2:55; Larrabee 3:05.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 9.—Leaves Smethport, 5:30 p. m., arriving at Farmers Valley 5:42; Reed's 5:45; Frisbee 5:50; Larrabee 6:00.

LOCAL AND ACCOM., No. 15.—Leave Smethport 6:30 p. m., arriving at Farmers Valley 6:42; Reed's 6:45; Frisbee 6:50; Larrabee 6:45.

BUFFALO COAL, No. 17.—Leaves Clermont at 8:45 p. m., arriving at Westway at 8:55; Hamlin 9:07; Colegrove 9:16; Crosby 9:25; Smethport 9:35; Farmers Valley 9:57; Reed's 10:00; Frisbee 10:05; Larrabee 7:05.

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

S. V. GODDEN,
Superintendent.

BRADFORD, BORDELL & KINZUA RAILROAD
Time Table. Taken effect Monday, December 26, 1881.

SOUTHWARD TRAINS. STATIONS.	1	3	5	7
	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Bradford, Dep	7 00	9 45	1 45	5 00
Erie Crossing	7 06	9 50	1 50	5 06
Tarport	7 14	10 01	2 00	5 14
Kenmore	7 18	10 05	2 04	5 18
Hazlewood	7 26	10 11	2 11	5 24
Forest	7 30	10 14	2 15	5 28
Taylor	7 37	10 22	2 22	5 36
Maplewood	7 41	10 26	2 26	5 40
Kinzua Junction	7 46	10 30	2 30	5 45
Melvin	7 54	10 38	2 39	5 54
Minnie City	7 58	10 41	2 43	5 58
McCalmont	8 03	10 46	2 48	6 03
New City	8 06	10 51	2 56	6 06
Rowlett Ar.	8 15	11 00	3 05	6 15
Rawsons Dep	7 53	10 39	2 50	5 53
Allens	7 54	10 40	2 51	5 54
Athen	7 55	10 41	2 52	5 55
Davis Switch	8 03	10 49	3 00	6 03
Van Vleck's	8 06	10 51	3 03	6 06
Simpsons	8 13	10 58	3 10	6 13
Carrollton	8 17	11 02	3 14	6 17
Bordell	8 20	11 05	3 17	6 20
Smethport, Ar	9 00	11 45	3 55	7 00

NORTHWARD TRAINS. STATIONS.	2	4	6	8
	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Smethport, Dep	6 20	9 15	1 45	5 20
Ormsby's	7 00	9 47	1 47	5 40
Simpsons	7 12	10 02	2 02	5 57
Van Vleck's	7 19	10 09	2 09	6 04
Davis Switch	7 22	10 11	2 12	6 07
Athen	7 25	10 14	2 15	6 10
Allens	7 26	10 15	2 16	6 11
Rawsons	7 27	10 16	2 17	6 12
Bordell	7 34	10 23	2 24	6 19
New City	7 39	10 28	2 29	6 24
McCalmont	7 42	10 31	2 32	6 27
Minnie City	7 47	10 36	2 37	6 32
Melvin	7 51	10 40	2 41	6 36
Kinzua Junction	7 55	10 44	2 45	6 40
Maplewood	7 58	10 47	2 48	6 43
Taylor	8 02	10 51	2 52	6 47
Forest	8 09	10 58	2 59	6 54
Hazlewood	8 13	11 02	3 03	6 58
Chapin	8 20	11 09	3 10	7 05
Tarport	8 25	11 14	3 15	7 10
Erie Crossing	8 31	11 20	3 21	7 16
Bradford, Ar	8 39	11 30	3 30	7 25

Trains will be run by New York time.

During Court week the 6:20 p. m. train will be held at Smethport until 6:50 p. m.

All Passenger trains make direct connections at Kinzua Junction with trains to and from New City and Bordell.

SUNDAY TRAINS leave Bradford at 9:45 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. Leave Smethport at 9:15 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

B. C. WILLIAMS, Supt.

Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia R'y.

Trains Run on Buffalo Time.

SO SUNDAY TRAINS.

NORTHWARD.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD.
a.m. p.m.	Ar. Lv.	a.m. p.m.
8 35 6 05	Buffalo	9 00 5 35
9 16 6 37	Kenmore	8 16 4 53
9 26 6 46	Spring Brook	8 06 4 43
9 36 6 57	Lima	7 56 4 33
9 54 7 07	Jamison	7 37 4 07
7 44 6 05 12 01	East Aurora	9 42 2 30 6 15
7 31 5 50	Wales	9 52 6 27
7 21 5 40	Holland	10 02 6 37
7 10 5 30	Protection	10 6 47
7 02 5 24 11 30	A. M. K. M. Jun	9 17 6 55
6 57 5 19 11 24	Arcade	9 22 3 17 7 00
6 47 5 10	York Shire	9 32 3 24 7 10
6 35 5 00 11 05	Machias Junc.	9 44 3 37 7 22
6 24 4 50 10 55	Franklinville	9 55 3 47 7 33
6 08 4 32	Ischua	10 12 4 05 7 49
5 54 4 19 10 37	Hinsdale	10 27 4 20 8 04
5 43 4 08 10 16	Erie Rly Junc	10 41 4 35 8 17
5 36 4 02 10 04	Olean	10 48 4 56 8 30
a.m. 3 40 9 24	Westons	12 50 6 46
3 10 9 04	Portville	11 20 5 16
2 59 8 50	Eldred	11 34 5 34
2 37 8 31	Larrabees	11 57 5 57 10 45
2 31 8 15	Bartwell	12 04 6 08
2 14 8 00	Turtle Point	12 21 6 25
1 58 7 46	Port Allegany	12 35 6 45 11 37
1 47 7 33	Liberty	12 52 6 04
1 36 7 27	Keating	13 00 6 10
1 25 7 16	Hepburn	13 11 6 21
1 20 7 06	Emporium	13 50 6 50 1 00
p.m. a.m.	Lv.	Ar. p.m. p.m. a.m.

CONNECTIONS.

At Buffalo, with all Railroads diverging.
At S. & N. Rly Junction, with S. & N. Rly
At Machias Junc., with Rochester & Pitts. Rly.
At Erie Rly Junction, with N. Y., L. E. & W. Rly.
At Olean, with O. B. & W. Rly. for Bradford.
At Eldred, with K. & E. Rly. for Bradford.
At Larrabees, with McKean & Buffalo Rly.
At Emporium, with Philadelphia & E. Rly.
Train leaving Buffalo at 7 p. m. makes direct connections at Emporium for points South and East. Through Sleeping Car from Emporium.
WM. R. MALLORY, GEO. S. OATCHELL,
Gen'l Pass'r Agent. Gen. Supt.
In effect July 4, 1881.

Pennsylvania Railroad.
Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 31, 1881, the trains on the Phila. & Erie R. R. Div. will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Niagara Ex. leaves Phila		3 00	a. m.
" " "	Renova	8 45	p. m.
" " "	Driftwood	7 05	"
" " "	Emporium	7 50	"
" " "	St. Mary's	8 40	"
" " arrive at Kane		10 05	"
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 35	a. m.
" " "	Renova	11 00	a. m.
" " "	Driftwood	12 10	p. m.
" " "	Emporium	1 00	p. m.
" " "	St. Mary's	1 50	"
" " "	Kane	2 40	"
" " arrive at Erie		7 40	"

EASTWARD.

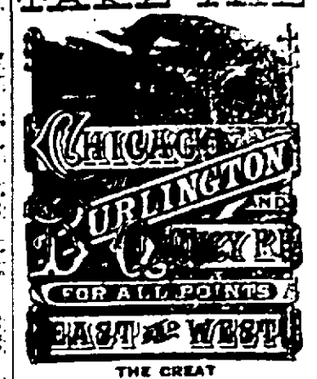
DAY EX. leaves Kane		6 00	a. m.
" " "	St. Mary's	7 17	a. m.
" " "	Emporium	8 10	a. m.
" " "	Driftwood	8 57	a. m.
" " "	Renova	10 05	a. m.
" " arrives at Phila		7 05	a. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11 35	a. m.
" " "	Kane	4 40	p. m.
" " "	St. Mary's	5 30	p. m.
" " "	Emporium	6 35	p. m.
" " "	Driftwood	7 40	p. m.
" " "	Renova	9 05	p. m.
" " arrives at Phila		7 00	a. m.

Erie Mail and Niagara Express connect with Low Grade Division; Erie Mail West and Day Express connect with N. Y. L. E. & W. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON,
Gen'l Supt.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAKE THE



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